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OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN THE STATE.

THE MORNING STAR.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

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VOL. LXIX.--NO. 109. WILMINGTON, N. C., THURSDAY, JANUARY 30, 1902. WHOLE NO. 10,745

The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

There was another breezy day in the Senate, the Philippine question being under discussion. —— The Navy Department has made public Admiral Schley's appeal to the President, to review the findings of the court of inquiry. —— The Ways and Means Committee propose to make large reductions in war revenue taxes. —— A sleet storm yesterday, extending from the Ohio river as far South as Memphis, almost paralyzed telegraph service in the section covered. —— Heavy snow storm in Texas. —— Advices from Panama report an engagement between the fleets of the government and insurgent forces. —— Fifteen hundred cases of dynamite is part of the cargo of the steamer Daggery, ashore near Gull Shoals on the North Carolina coast. —— The negro mayor and assistant postmaster of Burroughs, Ga., has been arrested for robbing the mails. —— Boer delegates in Holland disclaim knowledge of contents of the Dutch note to Great Britain. —— It is reported that Miss Stone and her companion were liberated yesterday. —— Terrible storm of sleet and rain in Little Rock, Ark., caused damage estimated at over $400,000. —— Fire at Chicago last night; damage about $100,000; firemen saved a number of persons. —— Ex President Cleveland arrived in Princeton, N. J., yesterday. —— Barney Furrey knocked out Kid Baxter in the second round at New Orleans last night. —— New York markets: Money on call easy at 3@3½ per cent.; cotton quiet at 8 1-16; flour market was steadier and a shade higher; wheat—spot firm, No. 2 red 88c; corn—spot firmer, No. 2 67½c; oats—spot strong, No. 2 46½@48c; rosin—steady; spirits turpentine barely steady at 44½@45c.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE,
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N. C., Jan. 28

Temperatures: 8 A. M., 33 degrees; 8 P. M., 35 degrees; maximum, 36 degrees; minimum, 30 degrees; mean, 33 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .03; rainfall since 1st of the month to date, 1.25 inches.

STORM WARNING.

Storm warning was issued at 3:30 P. M. The disturbance was central over Southern Mississippi, moving northeast.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—For North Carolina: Rain and warmer Thursday; northeasterly winds, fresh to brisk on the coast; Friday, probably fair and colder.

Port Almanac--January 30.

Sun Rises	7 03 A. M.
Sun Sets	5.25 P. M.
Day's Length	10 H. 23 M.
High Water at Southport	12 41 P. M.
High Water Wilmington	3 11 P. M.

Andrew Carnegie says he accumulated his millions "almost without intention or desire." Considering the use he is making of them the apology will be accepted.

A defeated candidate for Alderman in London says he spent only four pence, but if he ever runs again he will not mind the expense and will spend at least six pence.

American capitalists are buying large tracts of land in Mexico with a view to cultivating tobacco, as Mexican tobacco is in demand in Europe and in this country, and brings good prices.

Eighty years ago it took a steamer twenty-five days to cross the Atlantic. Now they make it in less than six and it is predicted that the time will be cut down to four in the near future.

Rev. L. K. Koppin, who has just returned to New York from missionary work in South Africa, says the Boer war has simply become a war of extermination. That's about so, and yet the great civilized Christian nations are mum.

It is said by the opponents of reciprocity with Cuba, speaking for the Louisiana sugar men, that reciprocity would destroy an industry in which $50,000,000 are invested and upon which 500,000 people are dependent for a livelihood. Considerable allowance must be made for a very large amount of exaggeration in this.

Dr. Lyman Abbott declares that we hold the Philippines by a moral right, that the Anglo-Saxon is the Lord's agent for distributing civilization, Christianity, &c., among the benighted denizens of the world, and therefore we have a right to grab. In the Northeast corner of this country there once assembled a number of good people who resolved that the earth belonged to the children of the Lord, and thereupon resolved that "we are the children of the Lord." Perhaps Dr. Lyman Abbott is of that stock.

For LaGrippe and Influenza use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.
For sale by Hardin's Palace Pharmacy.

LOCAL DOTS.

— The Board of Directors of the Y. M. C. A. will meet this evening at 8:30 o'clock.

— Jefferson Lodge, No. 61, K. of P., conferred the second and third ranks upon two candidates last night.

— The revenue cutter *Algonquin* returned from a cruise along the coast yesterday afternoon.

— Schooner *Frank W. McCulloch*, lumber laden, for San Domingo, passed out at Southport 2 P. M. yesterday.

— Prof. Washington Catlett has been named by Governor Aycock a delegate to the good roads meeting at Raleigh, Feb. 12-13th.

— A meeting of the colored teachers of the county has been called by Prof. Catlett, County Superintendent of Education, Saturday week, February 8th.

— Chicken thieves Tuesday night raided the hen coop of Mrs. A. M. Holton, Ninth, between Princess and Chesnut streets, and secured two fine fowls.

— The next basket ball game in the Y. M. C. A. series will be played to-morrow night at the City Hall. The postponed games from last Friday night will be played later.

— The Mission Aid Society of the Second Advent Church enjoyed an oyster supper at the truck house on Fifth street, near Castle, last night. Fruits, ice cream, etc., were served. There was no admission charge.

— *Charlotte Observer*: "Carrying about 60 men each, the two local military companies will go to Charleston, S. C., Sunday, April 6th, and will spend North Carolina week at the exposition, returning home the following Sunday."

— The Cannon house, on the corner of Evans and Irby streets, Florence, was burned Tuesday night with practically all the contents, and the inmates of the house escaped with their lives by a very narrow margin. As it was, two young men were painfully burned.

— By deed of date Jan. 7th and filed yesterday for record, T. A. Darby, of New York, transferred to Jas. J. Darby, of Wilmington, lot on south side of Ann, between Second and Third streets, 49x133 feet in size; also undivided one-fourth interest in a lot on south side of Church, between Surry and Front streets; consideration $500.

Farmer in Bankruptcy.

Attorney Jno. H. Cook, of Maxton, yesterday filed in the U. S. Court here a petition asking that Jefferson McIntyre, farmer, of Stuartsville township, near Laurinburg, N. C., be adjudged a bankrupt. The liabilities are in secured claims, $1,325 for rent note due W. B. McEachin, unsecured claims, $3,861, making a total of $4,186. The assets are $468, all of which petitioner claims as exemption. The principal creditor is Jno. F. McNair in the sum of $2,800 for supplies.

Improving Street Car Track.

Trackmen of the Wilmington Street Railway Company are engaging in grading and putting in new cross ties on the section of the line on Red Cross between Front and Fourth streets. This work is presumably in contemplation of the permanent improvement of that street by the city in the very near future. The south side of the street is left open for travel while the excavations are going on.

About the Custom House.

Collector Jno. C. Dancy, left yesterday afternoon for Washington where he will assume the office of Recorder of Deeds on Saturday. At the same time Mr. Keith will likely be sworn in and will take charge of the Collector's office here. The bond required of Mr. Keith is $20,000; the emoluments of the office in round numbers $1,800 per year.

Noted Lecturer Coming.

Mr. John B. DeMotte, in his celebrated lecture "The Problem of Posterity or a Plea for Heredity," will be the fourth number in the Association Course at the Y. M. C. A. Saturday night beginning at 8:30 o'clock sharp. The reserved seat sale opens to-morrow morning at 8 o'clock. The lecture is said to be of an unusually high order and will likely attract a large crowd.

Entertainment By Young Ladies.

The Girls' Guild, of the First Baptist church, will give an entertainment on Friday, Feb. 7th, in the lecture room. An admission fee will be charged, and the young ladies of the Guild promise an enjoyable evening to all who attend. The proceeds will be used in buying a carpet for the Sunday school room.

Received Verdict For $4,500.

Mr. C. B. Elmore, of Mount Olive, writes that his son, Mr. H. J. Elmore, who had his foot crushed Sept. 17th, 1900, at Clarkton, N. C., while serving as flagman for a Seaboard Air Line train, has received a verdict in the Super or Court at Goldsboro for $4,500 damages from the company. The Seaboard has appealed to the Supreme Court.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Levi McMillan & Co.—Read this.
E Warren & Son—Chocolate crackers
Wilmington Gas Light Co.—No coal
People's Savings Bank—Your atten'n

BUSINESS LOCALS

Milch Cows—To be sold.
W. M. Cumming—Office for rent.
W. M. Cumming—Real estate for sale

WENT TO RALEIGH?

City's Counsel in Injunction Matter Left for That Point or for Louisburg.

TO CONSULT JUDGE PURNELL?

Sewerage Imbroglio Afforded Another Day of Rare Excitement in Municipal Circles—Speculation as to Modus Operandi by Aldermen.

There were no new or sensational developments in the sewerage imbroglio yesterday; or, at least, the public was not apprised of any.

It was known, however, that there was much doing in close Aldermanic circles and many were the hurried conferences held here and there over the city by members of the Board and their counsel, City Attorney Wm. J. Bellamy and Junius Davis and Marsden Bellamy, Esq., who were associated with the city attorney, the Board of Audit and Finance concurring, on Tuesday.

The well grounded suspicion during the day that some radical step was in contemplation by certain citizens and Aldermen was pretty well confirmed upon the departure of the 7 o'clock northbound A. C. L. train last evening, Messrs. Marsden Bellamy and Junius Davis having been passengers aboard the cars for Raleigh. City Attorney Bellamy remained in the city presumably to look after any contemplated legal proceeding from this end.

Mr. Bellamy was asked by a reporter as the train departed if there was anything he could give for publication regarding the contemplated procedure, but beyond conceding the fact that he was off on business for the city in the injunction matter, he would say nothing. The rule of silence to newspaper reporters and those not officially concerned observed by Mr. Bellamy last night was strictly adhered to by all who were in possession of information during the day and consequently nothing official can be given.

It is strongly suspected, however, that as Messrs. Bellamy and Davis did not go to Goldsboro to see Judge Allen, of the Superior Court, that they have gone to Raleigh to invoke the aid of Judge Purnell, in the Federal Court. It is learned from a legal source that the Aldermen can seek redress in Judge Purnell's court without being in contempt of the injunction issued by Judge Timberlake.

Another theory and one which no doubt is the correct one, is that the attorneys left for Louisburg, the home of Judge Timberlake, and that there they will appear before the Judge and ask for a dissolution of the injunction. Its sweeping provisions will be explained and the effect it has had upon the city will be argued. It appears that there will be little doubt of the court's setting it aside and perhaps transferring the injunction to the Sewerage Company, preventing it from doing further excavating. This, however, will likely not be done until the attorneys for the company are heard.

It was broadly suggested yesterday that in his haste to get away from Wilmington Monday, Judge Timberlake did not give the injunction the careful reading and consideration it should have had and that when he calmly reviews it with both sides of the case in hand, he will readily grant a dissolution.

Just the shape the action will take, of course, no one knows who would dare express it. One thing, however, may be relied upon—the main issue at stake is to stop the sewerage company from further prosecuting its work, and whether this is done by application for a dissolution of the injunction already in effect or by applying for a counter injunction the effect will be the same, and developments along one or the other of these lines may be expected. The attorneys reached Raleigh about 11:30 o'clock last night and it is possible but hardly probable that they may be able to return to the city to-night. In any event they will likely get back to-morrow and then the "cat will be out of the bag."

There was much public indignation on the streets yesterday at the extraordinary methods employed by the Sewerage Company in restraining the Aldermen. This was intermingled with some harsh criticism of certain officials of the city for their past conduct in relation to the sewerage matters. Still others blamed the entire Board of Aldermen, but the most outspoken criticism was of the Sewerage Company. There was even talk of an indignation meeting last night, but it did not develop.

Thes ewerage contractors yesterday were engaged in excavating on Chesnut between Second and Third street; Nutt between Walnut and Red Cross street, and Walnut between Front and Water streets. They were also engaged during the day in laying laterals on Front street and in other sections of the city.

Newbern Will Have a Team.

Correspondence *News and Observer*: "Ed. Ashenback, representing the Raleigh Athletic Association, arrived yesterday. At 4 o'clock a meeting of Newbern's baseball enthusiasts was called to order at the city hall by Mr. C. L. Stevens. The sentiment of those present was unanimous for Newbern to have a team in the league. The chairman was instructed to appoint a committee to canvass the city with a view of organizing a stock company. This committee is to report Friday and proposals look favorable for the proposed organization. Mr. Ashenbeck leaves today for Raleigh and Durham."

LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE.

Important Meeting of Chamber of Commerce This Afternoon—Superintendent Ingram Arrived Yesterday.

It is important that there should be a large attendance of business men upon the special meeting of the Chamber of Commerce at 3:30 o'clock this afternoon to take into consideration the matter of long distance telephone service for the city.

Mr. T. L. Ingram, of Atlanta, general superintendent of construction of the Bell Telephone Company, arrived in the city yesterday and by request will address the Chamber upon this important subject. Mr. M. B. Spier, the district superintendent, will not be here, but Mr. Ingram's talk will be interesting and of much benefit to business men who have any occasion at all to communicate instantly with the outside world.

Mr. Ingram's company asks no guarantee and no favors. The line to Wilmington is an established fact, and all that remains is for the business men of the city to come together for concerted action as to how and when the service will be secured.

The projected line is already shown on the company's long distance map, and runs from Charlotte via Hamlet to Wilmington. It will furnish this city with communication to all the 300,000 cities of the United States which are on the line. No definite announcement as to the time the work will be done can now be made, but all that is needed is some step in the direction by the people of the city.

The meeting will be held in the rooms of the Chamber of Commerce, in the Seaboard Air Line building.

MAYOR VON GLAHN PRESIDING.

Number of Offenders in Municipal Court Yesterday—Col. Waddell Sick.

Mayor pro tem. VonGlahn presided over the municipal court yesterday in the absence of Mayor Waddell, who is confined to his home by an attack of neuralgia.

Edward Coles, colored, for the larceny of a pair of pants from Isaac Baufarrah, a Syrian merchant, was held for the Superior Court and failing to give bond, went to jail.

Alex. Holoway, colored, charged with the larceny of a watch, was dismissed for want of evidence. He was represented by Marsden Bellamy, Esq.

Fannie and Charles Carroll, colored, were arraigned on a charge of false pretence. It was alleged by Mr. Z. W. Whitehead that they received old clothing from him to dispose of and they made no return of the proceeds. Satisfactory arrangements were, however, made and both defendants were released.

STATEMENT FROM VESSEL MASTER.

Capt. Trimm Says Schooner Crosby Was Not Leaking When She Started.

EDITOR STAR—It having been reported that the schooner *Mary L Crosby* was leaking at the commencement of her voyage, I desire to deny the same. The vessel was tight, staunch and strong. In my distressful condition I made statements to reporters which have been misconstrued and have no doubt been arranged for the purpose of having something to write about. Every one must recall the fact that any one in distress is liable to be kicked down hill. I am thankful for the lives of myself and crew and only wish that some of those who wanted to misrepresent me had have been with us.

A. TRIMM,
Master Schr. *Mary L. Crosby.*

ABOUT COLLECTOR KEITH.

He Has Gone to Franklin, Pa.—To improve National Cemetery Road.

The Washington correspondent of the *Raleigh Post* says:

"Benjamin Franklin Keith, who has turned his back on sixteen to one and is now shouting for expansion, left to-day for Franklin, Pa. He is interested in a manufacturing plant there that manufactures the Keith perfect lubricating axle. Keith says he doesn't know who will constitute his clerical force. He emphasized the statement that the appointments are to be made by himself.

"Congressman Bellamy will make an effort this week to have the Military Committee take up the bid for the macadamizing of the road to the National Cemetery in Wilmington and for the drainage of adjacent swamp land."

United States Deputy Marshals.

United States Marshal Dockery has issued commissions re-appointing 16 field deputies: Council Meares, Haddock; Z. C. Clark, Pittsboro; H. C. Reece, Siler City; C. A. Banks, Elizabeth City; C. O. Knox, Wilmington, A. F. Surles, Dunn; H. B. Everett, Fayetteville; J. C. Parish, Maxton; K. W. Merritt, Raleigh; J. A. McNeill, Sanford; James B. Barnett, Roxboro; C. A. Wallace, Horners; S. L. Gibson, Weldon; J. B. Dupree, Stephenson; John Thompson, Newbern; D. J. McKenzie, Carthage.

Dr. Wells' Father Ill.

Rev. J. M. Wells, Ph. D., pastor of the First Presbyterian Church, left yesterday in response to a summons calling him to the bedside of his father, Mr. W. Calvin Wells, who is quite sick at his home in Jackson, Miss. Dr. Wells expects to return the latter part of next week. His pulpit Sunday morning will be occupied by Rev. Dr. H. H. Hawes, of Virginia, who has been in the city several days in the interest of a special Presbyterian work.

— R. G. Grady, Esq., left last night for a professional visit to Wallace.

THE POULTRY SHOW.

Exhibits Are Already Arriving for the Fair in Wilmington Next Week.

ENTERPRISE PROMISES WELL.

Doors Will Open to Public Next Tuesday Afternoon—An Inviting Array of Prizes—Reduced Rates On All Railroads—Admission.

Exhibits for the first annual exhibition under the auspices of the Wilmington Poultry and Live Stock Association, to be held in the City Hall here next Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, are already beginning to arrive and promoters of the fair say the prospects are very bright for a successful show in every particular.

Superintendent W. A. Bonitz received several coops of magnificent birds by express yesterday and others he says will continue to arrive each day until the fair is over. Many of the local fanciers have recently made purchases of some very fine fowls that took premiums at the High Point, Charlotte and other shows and, of course, when shown here, they are expected to receive recognition in the way of prizes.

Mr. R. L. Simmons, of Gastonia, N. C., secretary and treasurer of the North Carolina Poultry Association, has been secured to judge the exhibits and there is no doubt but that department will be in capable hands.

All railroads have offered reduced rates for the show and good crowds are expected especially from the Charlotte section, where fancy poultry raising is at its heigth. The Seaboard Air Line has given a round trip rate of $6.05 from Charlotte, tickets to be on sale Feb. 3rd, with final limit Feb. 8th. Of course this inducement will bring a number of fanciers to the city to spend the week.

Entries for the show will close this week. The hall will be open, however, for the reception of specimens at 8 A. M. Monday, and all specimens must be in the hall before 10:30 A. M. Tuesday, as the judging will begin promptly at 11 A. M., same day. The management will appreciate deeply the courtesy if the owners would see that all birds are in the hall during Tuesday. An admission fee of ten cents will be charged and the hall will be open to the public at 3 P. M. Tuesday and every day thereafter, including night, until the fair is over.

Premium lists giving all necessary information to exhibitors have been issued in pamphlet form and they show an inviting array of prizes for every conceivable variety of poultry and pet stock.

The management of the fair is expecting a large local patronage and the enterprise is well worthy of it.

LIST OF LETTERS.

Remaining Uncalled For in the Wilmington Postoffice Jan. 29th, 1902.

WOMEN'S LIST.

Annie Brown, Mary S Blanton, Bessie Evans, Maggie Green, Madge Jones, Fillis Jones, Julia V A Kelley, Maria Mills, Mary Nicholson, C Newman, Henrietta Ritten, Ellie Rogers, Elizabeth Varshee, J S Willis, Hanna Walkins.

MEN'S LIST.

Brooks Baker, State Alexander, H G Blinks, J W Bryan, John Burns, (3), L M Bryan, Robt L Bush, Sam Bryan, W T Blackwell, Will Boney, J B Carrier, J E Cronnartie, Joshum Cohen, S L Chinnis, John Dorsit, John Dawson (2), Jessie Gorden, Matthew Graham, Home Savings Bank, W P Hunt, S Johnson, Thos B Jackson, R W King, F M Metts, S M Montgomery, Sam McCall, C M Perritt, E C Pigott, Edward Payne, R W Pippin, Bennett Shaw, A Shipman, G W Simmons, F M Shipman, Jesse Taylor, Joshua Williams.

RETURNED FROM DEAD LETTER OFFICE.

Ernest Cora.

Persons calling for above letters will please say advertised. If not called for in fifteen days they will be sent to the dead letter office. M. C. DARBY, Postmaster.

Where They Play This Season.

Of the last season's North Carolina league baseball players, Pitcher Smith of Raleigh, has signed with Birmingham; Stanley and Alz, of the same team, with New Orleans; Ed Bush, of Tarboro, with Atlanta's New Southern League team; Warren, of Wilmington, with Birmingham; Clayton, of Wilmington, with Little Rock; Bishop, Hooker, Foster, Soffie and Preston, of the Richmond team, with Wheeling, W. Va.

Pender Wants $245.65.

Raleigh *News and Observer*: "Pender is the first county to send in a statement, according to the new blanks sent out by the State Superintendent of Public Instruction, of the amount of money needed from the State appropriation for the full four months school term. She needs for fifteen white districts $229 31, and for two colored districts $.6 34, making in all $245 65. The amounts needed for the different districts range from $76.32 down to $3.44."

A Business Change.

On and after Feb. 1st, the well known merchant tailoring establishment of Mr. M. H. Curran will be located in the store next north of The Orton. Mr. Curran for the past several years has had his place of business at No. 107 Princess street. The new location is a very desirable one in every respect.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mr. Fred Kidder went North last night.

— Mr. H. B. Worth, of Raleigh, is at The Orton.

— Mr. E. G. Muse, of Rocky Mount, is at The Orton.

— Mr. DeLos Thomas, of Winston, arrived last evening.

— Mr. N. A. Carter, of Raynham, N. C., is in the city.

— Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Walsh, of Florence, S. C., are visiting relatives in the city.

— The STAR regrets to note that Mr. Daniel Quinlivan is confined to his home by illness.

—Mr. J. Ross, representing R. C. Williams, New York, arrived last evening from Fayetteville.

— Col. and Mrs. Warren G. Elliott left last evening on Col. Elliott's private car for a trip North.

— Mr. W. F. Parker, of Goldsboro, was in the city yesterday, the guest of his friend, Mr. Z. V. Croom.

— Capt. J. A. Cutts, assistant A. C. L. trainmaster at South Rocky Mount, spent yesterday in the city, returning last evening.

— Mr. W. C. Tomlinson, the popular travelling representative of R. F. Morris & Son, Durham, is in the city calling on the trade.

— Dr. N. G. Shaw, of Council's Station, N. C., was here yesterday, returning from Sampson county, where he has been residing for some time

— The smiling face of clever "Charlie" Bennett was seen behind the desk at The Orton yesterday, after a few days' indisposition, during which he was confined to his home.

— Mr. E. S. McKeithan, who enlisted in the army several years ago and was sent to the Philippines, has returned to Wilmington. He was in the heavy artillery and was mustered out at San Francisco.

—Mr. J. N. Brittain has recovered from a ten day's illness with continued fever during which time he was confined in the Walker Memorial Hospital. He will go in the country a few days to rest before resuming work with the Southern Express Co.

AFTER THE CROWDS.

Advertising Car of the Charleston Exposition at Florence.

[*Florence Times, 29th.*]

Advertising car number 3, South Carolina Interstate and West Indian Exposition, was sidetracked for an hour or more here this morning, and the crew on board put out a good deal of handsome advertising matter.

In charge were Capt. W. E. Kyle, the well known and popular special agent of the Atlantic Coast Line, with headquarters at Fayetteville, and Mr. Harry Clifton, manager of the advertising car, and there was besides a force of expert bill posters. They came out of Charleston yesterday and will remain on the road for a month or more, it being their intention to work thoroughly all stations along the lines traversed.

THE M. J. CORBETT COMPANY.

Charter Issued—Incorporators M. J. Corbett, H. C. McQueen, W. R. Kenan.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., Jan. 29.—A charter was issued to-day for the M. J. Corbett Company, of Wilmington, with an authorized capital stock of $50,000; paid in capital, $25,000. The company is chartered to do a general commission business. The incorporators are M. J. Corbett, H. C. McQueen and W. R. Kenan.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Chocolate Crackers.

A delicate confection and food for

Lunches and Tea Parties

Made daily. Try them.

E. WARREN & SON.
Jan 30 1f

Fine Stationery.

My line of Ladies and Gentlemen's Stationery is complete and consists of all the latest tints and shapes.

My Box and Pound Paper can't be beat.

ROBERT C. DeROSSET,
107 Market St.
Bell 'Phone 26. jan 26 tf

IN ADDITION

To carrying the largest stock of Furniture in the State, I make a specialty of Upholstering, Mattress Renovating, Curtain and Awning Hasing and Hanging, Carpet Laying, Packing, Hauling and Storing. Estimates made and samples shown without charge. Out-of-town orders solicited.

N. F. PARKER,
Furniture and Furniture Novelties,
111 Market street.
Bell 'Phone 619 Inter-State 611.
ja 19 tf

ON A COLD MORNING

YOU NEED A FIRE TO DRESS BY.

FOR CONVENIENCE HAVE A GAS HEATER PLACED IN YOUR BEDROOM. PRICES FROM $1,50 UP.

No Coal,
No Kindling,
No Ashes,

A MATCH—and it is done.

Wilmington Gas Light Co.,

27 North Front Street.
jan 30 1t

READ THIS

Commencing Saturday Morning at 8 O'clock

Our entire stock of over 3,000 PAIRS OF SHOES will be offered the retail trade at a very low price. Sale will continue all day Saturday and Monday.

THIS IS THE PLACE.

LEVI McMILLAN & CO.,
IN BRICK BUILDING ON
Fourth and Campbell Streets.
jan 30 4t

YOUR ATTENTION

Is called to the fact that deposits made with us on or before Saturday, February 1st, 1902, will bear interest from that date. If you are not already a depositor become one now. You will be astonished at the result. "He who forms a habit of saving some of his income will grow richer and richer."

The People's Savings Bank,
Opposite the Postoffice.
H. C. McQUEEN, President. JNO. S. ARMSTRONG, Vice President.
jan 30 tf F. W. DICK, Cashier.

New Hanover County School Book Depository.

We have exclusive sale of all the School Books adopted by the State Text Book Commission. A full stock always on hand at published prices.

School and Office Stationery.

Artist and Engineers' Supplies. Kodaks, Cameras and Photographic goods.

Pictures and Picture Framing.

Wall Paper and Window Shades.

C. W. YATES & CO.
jan 19 tf

New Stock Just In.

Mullets, New Catch.

Patent and Straight Flour,

MEAL, TOBACCO, CANNED GOODS,

Fox River Butter,

Candy, Soap, &c.

Williams Bros.
jan 26 tf

To Remove Paint

Sit down on it before its dry.

To get whole Wheat Flour go Bierman's to buy.

PURINA MILLS Whole Wheat Flour

5 pound packages 25c.
12 pound bags 50c.

Aromatic Coffee,
(Parched.)
2 pounds for 25 cents.

H. J. Bierman & Co.,
215 Market Street.
Bell 'Phone No. 38. jan 26 tf

THE CLIMAX.

The Climax Barber Shop, as its name indicates, has reached the highest point of style and excellence. Give us a trial and you will receive polite attention and high class workmanship.

GUION & DAVIS,
dec 4 tf 7 South Front St.

"Foot Prints" Tobacco.

"Foot Prints" Tobacco.
"Foot Prints" Tobacco.

Makes the Grocer 14c a pound.

"Cabin Home."
"Cabin Home."
"Cabin Home."

Makes the Grocer 12c a pound.

All hand-made and finest stock. 50c paid in cash (no premiums) for "Foot Print" Tags each. 40c in cash for Cabin Home Tags. Ponder over this and handle what pays you and be your own boss. Sole agent for the American Cigar Co.'s brands of Cuban Blossom, Henry and Cremo Cigars. None equal this on any market.

Vollers & Hashagen.
Sole Distributors.
jan 19 tf

Fancy Fruits.

Bananas, Extra Fancy.
Pears, Grapes, Oranges,
Apples.
Nuts, Figs, Dates and Raisins.

Give me a call. I can please you on nice Fruit and Candies.

J. W. PLUMMER, Jr.,
304 Princess Street.
Bell 'Phone 680 Inter-State 182.
jan 4 tf

We Offer for Subscription

On February 1st, in lots to suit subscribers,

$100,000 7 per cent. Cumulative Preferred Stock

of the Cheswell Cotton Mill Co., Westminster, S. C.

Particulars upon application.

HUGH MacRAE & CO., Bankers,
jan 29 4t WILMINGTON, N. C.

Talcum, Talcum.

Pure Powdered Purified Talcum

in one pound boxes for 25c, two pound boxes 40c. For sale at

HARDIN'S PALACE PHARMACY.
jan 15 tf 126 South Front street.

Wanted, Furs.

5,000 Raccoon Skins.
5,000 Fox Skins.
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1,000 Mink Skins.

And Furs of all description. Highest price paid. Quotations furnished on application.

SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,
nov 24 tf 13 Market street.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD

WILMINGTON, N. C.

THURSDAY MORNING, JAN. 30.

LOUISIANA SUGAR VS. CUBAN SUGAR.

We have quoted some of the New York *Tribune's* editorials on the beet sugar makers' opposition to reciprocity with Cuba, showing how little ground there was for that opposition and why the beet sugar industry is not entitled to any special tariff protection, when the protection already given, for more than ten years, had produced such small results. In its issue of Monday it gives attention to the claims of the Louisiana sugar makers, who, like the beet sugar makers, declare that reciprocity with Cuba would destroy their industry, in which there are $50,000,000 invested.

Thursday representatives of these sugar men had a hearing before the House Ways and Means Committee in which, as might have been expected, they argued earnestly against any concession to Cuban sugar, in commenting upon which the *Tribune* says:

"Their opposition is not well founded, because there is no reasonable prospect of their ever being able to supply our whole domestic demand or even the major part of it. The sugar production of our Gulf States varies greatly in amount from year to year, according to the weather. Those sugar lands are too far north to be quite free from frosts. Thus in 1878-'79 they produced 112,000 long tons, and in 1886-'87 only 85,394. The maximum to date was reached in 1894-'95, with 325 621 tons, and in the very next year there was a decline to only 242,693 tons Seeing that the consumption of sugar in this country is now considerably more than 2 000,000 tons, it is evident that the Gulf States cannot be depended upon for more than about one-seventh of our supply, and surely the one seventh cannot expect to dictate concerning the other six-seventhe. The argument that reciprocity will destroy the American industry and thus put our sugar market under foreign control is ill conceived. The obvious facts are that our market is now under foreign control, in spite of the domestic industry, and that Cuban reciprocity will go toward correcting that state of affairs, since it will make the Cuban supply practically a supply under our own control.

It was argued on Thursday that Cuba should be "left to work out its own salvation, as the South had to do after the Civil War." The comparison was not a happy one. If it be true that the South rebuilt its industries "without making appeals for special favors," it is certainly true that it received its full share of favors. The sugar industry of the Gulf States has been as carefully protected by our tariffs as has any other industry in the land. Had the national government after the Civil War refused tariff protecion to Southern sugar, cotton and other industries, there might be some resemblance between the cases. As it is, there is only contrast. Cuba is in fact asking for only what Louisiana got—namely, as good a market and as good a chance to prosper as she had before the war. We do no believe, either, that the granting of recipeocity to Cuba will destroy the Louisiana sugar industry. We doubt if it will diminish by one acre the area devoted to that industry. But if it should do so we must take issue with the statement that there is no other line of production to which the sugar lands can be profitably turned. If reports be not grossly misleading, some sugar lands are now being transformed into rice lands for the reason that the latter crop is the more profitable.

"But while the evils of Cuban reciprocity are thus chiefly imaginary, the evils of non-reciprocity are particularly real and inevitable. One is loss of trade, which we are now suffering. Cuba is now purchasing each year in Europe $30,000,000 worth of goods, which she could get the United States, and which she could purchase here under a decent reciprocity system. Would it not be better for our Gulf States to supply Cuba with cotton and rice and animials and oils and other goods, and let her send her sugar to our market to supplement—not to supplant—their own, than to shut out her sugar in favor of European sugar and send her elsewhere for those goods? There is another evil, which we trust is remote, but which is menacing enough to deserve consideration. If Cuba cannot secure reciprocity, she will begin a campaign for annexation. Of that there can be no doubt. The fact is already openly proclaimed. We hope never to see the day when Cuba will be a member of this Union, and we should certainly favor reciprocity with her if for no other purpose than to prevent a demand for annexation. Nevertheless, there is a menace of such evil, and it will be well for our domestic sugar producers to take it into account. If they would be injuriously affected by admission of Cuban sugar at half rates, what would become of them if Cuban sugar were let in absolutely free, with, of course, no possibility of a compensating bounty to them?"

With all the protection the sugar makers of Louisiana have had since the war they have not done much better than the beet sugar men who made such rosy promises ten years ago. They have not, in fact, done so well considering the time they have been operating and that the industry in Louisiana was an old one before the beet sugar industry in this country was thought of. They have not, however, been so prodigal of their promises as the beet sugar men were and have not promised to produce all the sugar this country could consume and have a million tons for export. They didn't do that perhaps because they knew they couldn't. The probabilities are that there is less land under sugar cultivation in Louisiana now than there was ten years ago, and the further probabilities are that there is more now than there will be ten years hence for the reason that the planters will find something to plant more profitable, less expensive and more reliable than sugar cane, on which there is no great profit to the planter whatever there may be to the manufacturer. It is the manufacturer, by the way, who is raising the racket about reciprocity.

Louisiana is not the best sugar cane growing section of this country anyway. It is claimed that Florida is away ahead of it, and that there is sugar land enough in that State to produce 10,000,000 tons of sugar annually, which is five times as much as we now import. It is claimed, also, that cane can be grown in Georgia and in South Carolina, which yields more saccharine matter than the Louisiana cane does and will therefore produce more sugar at less cost, so that the probabilities are that in the near future Louisiana sugar makers will have competitors in those States, who may prove more formidable than the Cuban sugar makers, and competitors, too, from whom they couldn't have any tariff protection.

But there is something else which threatens them. It has been shown that the ordinary corn stalk produces sugar enough to make it profitable to plant for that purpose, and a movement has been started to establish manufactories in Florida, Georgia and South Carolina, which will work both the corn stalk and the sugar cane, and planters are being urged to plant both freely. These mills would work on the corn, and by the time that was worked up they would work on the cane, thus keeping employed the larger part of the year, and hence they claim that they could produce sugar at a much less cost than it is now produced from either cane or beet. Here is another competitor that both the Louisiana cane sugar maker and the Western beet sugar maker may have to cope with in the near future, and then it will be a case of "the survival of the fittest," in which tariff protection will play no part.

But why should the people of this country who like sugar and have been accustomed to it be required to pay millions of dollars a year to protect two squalling "infants," which are really not worth protecting, while at the same time we are doing injustice to other industries which are deprived of a fair showing on account of these? The cotton planter, cotton manufacturer, machine builder, shoe maker and others are entitled to as much consideration as the sugar makers, and there are more of them.

MR. BELLAMY CALLS A HALT.

In the discussion of the Urgent Deficiency bill in the House of Representatives, Wednesday of last week, Hon. John D. Bellamy called a halt on the extravagant expenditure of money for the renting of buildings for Government use in Washington, and opened the eyes of the gentlemen who had not given attention to that matter. In speaking of it the Washington *Times* makes the following complimentary but merited reference to Mr. Bellamy:

"It took Representative Bellamy, of North Carolina, to open the eyes of Congress to the imperative need of a Hall of Records for the use of the Government, to be erected here in Washington. He did it in such a masterly and convincing manner that his work will be sure to bear fruit.

"Mr. Bellamy, in addition to being an able lawyer, is a most successful and practical business man. He thoroughly believes that business principles should apply to running the Government just as they apply to conducting one's private affairs. Last Wednesday, when the House was in the Committee on the Whole on the state of the Union, considering the urgent deficiency appropriation bill, the Representative from the Sixth Congressional district of the Tar Heel State took occasion to make a few pointed remarks on the wanton extravagance in the matter of renting offices and buildings for use of the different departments."

He presented carefully prepared figures showing that the Government is now expending $199,505 a year for the rental of buldings which it needs for storage and other purposes, when it could erect the necessary buildings at a cost which would save at least $100,000 a year from the amount now paid in rents. He pronounced it a very shortsighted and unbusiness like proceeding to be spending $199,505 a year on rents, with a surplus of $175,000,000 in the Treasury, when a couple million dollars would provide all the necessary buildings, give the Government what it needed and save $100,000 a year. Better do that, he contended, than be spending from $2,000,000 to $3,000,000 on buildings which could be built for much less and amply answer all the purposes for which they are needed. In noting the effect of his speech, so strongly supported by the figuress he presented, had on the House the *Times* says:

"At the conclusion of his remarks he was not only loudly applauded, but warmly congratulated, for he had made clear to every one the absolute necessity for a Hall of Records for the use and convenience of the Government."

Mr. Bellamy never speaks unless he has something to say and then he says it in a way to command attention.

The U. S. Steel Trust narrowly escaped being beaten out of 200,000 tons of steel by a sharper who posed as a "count" and said he was buying for the French Government. The deal was nearly completed when the "count" was arrested for a board bill, which gave him away.

For Whooping Cough use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

For sale by Hardin's Palace Pharmacy.)

HOLLAND'S OFFER.

A London dispatch published yesterday announces that Holland had tendered her offices as a friendly intermediator between Great Britain and the Boers, to act as a friend of both parties, if acceptable to both, but no terms or suggestion of terms are made or intimated.

Whether this offer is made with the consent of the Boers, or whether acceptable to the British, is not yet known. The probabilities are that the Boers are divided in sentiment as to what would be the best to do, as the British also are, but it seems to us that both ought to be willing to bring this war of extermination (for that it has become) to an end, and the surprising thing is that the great civilized nations have stood by so long without making any effort to stop it.

With all their marvellously heroic resistance the Boers must, if left to fight it out themselves, succumb to the superior numbers and resources of Great Britain. This they probably fully realize but may be kept up by the hope that England may become involved with some other power and thus be handicapped in the war against them. If England listened to reason she ought to be quite as anxious for peace as the Boers, for the war has, as shown by official reports, already cost her the lives of 18,964 soldiers —931 officers and 18,033 men—which number is increased every week, and it is estimated that by the end of this year the cost in money will have reached $1,100,000,000 in gold.

And yet Secretary Chamberlain and those who stand with him in this war of "criminal aggression" cry no compromise, no concessions to the Boers. Paul Kruger was not far wrong when at the beginning of the war he said Great Britain might win, but it would be at a price that would "stagger humanity."

At a church festival in Springfield, Ohio, recently, a new feature was added which proved quite attractive and remunerative. The women sold hugs, scaled in price thus, limited to two minutes: Girls under fifteen, 15 cents; over fifteen and under twenty, 50 cents; over twenty and under twenty-five, 75 cents; old maids, 3 cents; married women, a round dollar. Commenting on this the paragraph builder of the Savannah *News* says hugs bought that way wouldn't be worth a continental. Its the stolen hug in the hallway or behind the door that is luscious. It may be inferred from this whether he is authority on the bought festival hug or not, that he knows something about the other kind.

CURRENT COMMENT.

The opposition to the Chinese Exclusion bill before the Senate Committee on Immigration is simply this: $—and yet it may be self-deluded.—*Brooklyn Citizen, Dem.*

—— If Captain Hobson has to stay in the navy, despite his desire to be retired, there will be a certain compensation. He will not have to run against Bankhead and be beaten out of his goloshes.—*Mobile Register, Dem.*

—— A Nashville newspaper run by colored men asks, "what shall be done with the bad negro?" The usual way is to furnish him a platform from which he can assure the world that he is "a-gwine right home to glory?"—*Atlanta Journal, Dem.*

—— Weyler, Kitchener, Bell. Weyler invented reconcentration, Kitchener adopted it in South Africa and now General Bell proposes to concentrate the Filipinos in camps. Is it not time for the American people to ring the bell on the conduct of the Philippine war?—*Houston Chronicle, Ind.*

The Atlanta Constitution makes the curious point that "an Afro-Caucasian person of less than one-eighth negro blood" can not be found. The dead line of fusion between the two races, it contends, is drawn at that degree, and it appears to be right.—*Charleston News and Courier, Dem.*

—— The principal argument in favor of the Panama route is the possibility of a "tide level ditch." But says an engineer: "The Chagres river would pour into a tide level canal from a precipice fifty feet high, and destroy it. If a tide level is desired you don't want the river, but what will you do with it?" Now that the Panama route is seriously considered we begin to learn it is impossible; those who are not satisfied with the Nicaraguan route would complain though a passage were offered free. They don't want any canal in theirs.—*Jacksonville Times Union, Dem.*

Blown to Atoms.

The old idea that the body sometimes needs a powerful, drastic, purgative pill has been exploded, for Dr. King's New Life Pills, which are perfectly harmless, gently stimulate liver and bowels to expel poisonous matter, cleanse the system and absolutely cure Constipation and Sick Headache. Only 25 cents, at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store.

For Over Sixty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, soften the gums, and allays all pain; cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Lumberton *Robesonian*: Mr. G. M. D. Howard, of St. Paul's, had all his corn, fodder and peas destroyed by fire on Sunday. On returning home from church he found all his outbuildings in flames, which were beyond control. He lost over 200 bushels of corn and a number of agricultural implements. The cause of the fire is unknown.

— Charlotte *Observer*: Sam Brymen, the policeman at McAdenville, shot and killed Franz Jenkins, an employe of the McAdenville Cotton Mill, Saturday night. Jenkins and his brother had been drinking and were noisy and refused to go home when ordered. In a fight with the officer he was knocked down, and Frank Jenkins made at him with a knife. Brymen drew his pistol as he lay on the ground, and shot Jenkins through the breast, killing him instantly.

— Fayetteville *Observer*: Mrs. Sarah McIntosh, widow of the late Rev. John McIntosh, died at her home in 71st Monday night in the 80th year of her age. —— Monday night, near Idaho, some dogs scratched up from a ditch on the side of the road the body of an infant child, and when discovered were eating it. The mother of the child is known to the authorities, and she is suspected of having buried it alive. —— John Henry Alexander, a negro railroad hand, Monday evening about 7 o'clock, shot and fatally wounded Vina Freeman at the latter's house on Mumford street. Alexander escaped and has not yet been apprehended.

— Danbury *Reporter*: The farmers are not hopeful of the next wheat crop. —— The first sleet of the winter occurred Tuesday. Sleets are always welcomed by the farmers, who say they are a sign of a good fruit year. —— Last Friday night two prisoners who had been confined in the front cell on the first floor of the jail effected their escape. Away back some 30 or 40 years ago a man named Handley, an inmate in this same cell, secured an auger and bored one of the large timbers in the wall near the window so full of holes that he was able to take out a piece of the log large enough to admit his body through the aperture and escape. Since the hole has remained closed with iron bars across, fastened at the ends with heavy iron spikes. Nicholson and Tilley somehow secured implements with which they removed the bars, punched off the weatherboarding on the outside and gained their freedom.

TWINKLINGS.

— An insinuation: They claim to be connected with some of the best families. By telephone!—*Puck.*

Consoling.—She—How long have you danced? He—Oh! Years. She—Well, don't be discouraged.—*Puck.*

— Bridget, what did you say to Miss Smith when she called? I told her you were out this toime for sure, ma'am.—*Life*

— Is she a polite girl? Not at all. She finds it impossible to break herself of the habit of telling the truth.—*Tit-Bits.*

— He—"A woman is never satisfied when she is out with other women unless she has fine clothes." She—"Wrong! She wants finer clothes."—*Philadelphia Press.*

— Sillicus—Bjones seems very despondent. He says he doesn't care what happens to him. Cynicus—The first thing you know he'll be going off and getting married.—*Philadelphia Record.*

— Editor—"Mr. Hunker, you have been taking my paper less than a year, and yet you sign yourself 'Old Subscriber' in this communication." Hunk r—"Young man, I am sixty-eight years old."—*Harlem Life.*

— She Preferred It.—He—It is better for us quietly to live apart, without the scandal of a divorce. She—I don't agree with you. My social position is not so strong at present that I can afford to neglect any means to make it better.

— His Last Venture: "What is your old friend Hardup doing nowadays?" "Oh, he's gone into real estate." "That's the very last thing I should have supposed he'd do." "It was. He's dead."—*New York Times.*

— "Some men," said Uncie Eben, "seems built in such a way dat dey nebber seems to be puttin' forward deir bigges' efforts 'ceppin' when dey's headin' foh trouble."—*Washington Star.*

— "No; old Mr. Adoniram Taft did not precisely doubt the efficacy of prayer." "Howsumever," said he, "I notice thet them thet's forever prayin' fer rain or else prayin' fer it ter quit rainin' don't seem ter git nuthin' much done, sumhow!"—*Punch.*

— Teacher—What zone is this in which we live? Johnny—Temp'rate. Teacher—Correct. Now what is meant by a "temperate zone?" Johnny—It's a place where it's freezin' cold in winter an' red hot in summer.—*Philadelphia Press.*

— The Proper Thing: "Yes," remarked Mrs. Newly Riche when speaking of her daughter's marriage, "we did not spare expense. I gave the caterer and the florist and the dressmaker all carriage blanche in the matter of money."—*Brooklyn Life.*

— "Do you approve of realism in the drama?" "Certainly not," answered Miss Mayenne. "If people on the stage talked and behaved as stupidly as they do in real life there would be no excuse for going to the theater."—*Washington Star.*

—Value of Economy: Mr. Binks—"Our neighbor, Minks, was shot at by a burglar and the bullet lodged in his pocketbook." Mrs Binks—"What of it?" Mr. Binks—"Nothing; only I was thinking his wife must be very economical. A bullet would go right through mine."—*New York Weekly.*

Strikes a Rich Find.

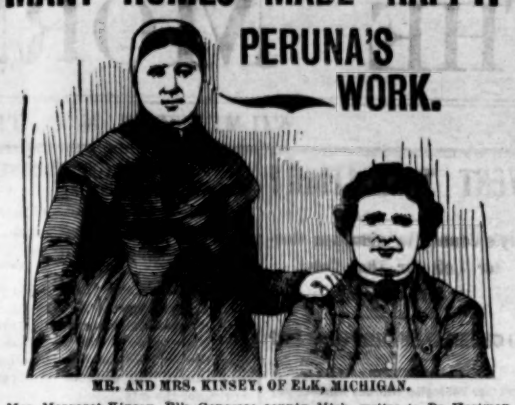
"I was troubled for several years with chronic indigestion and nervous debility," writes F. J. Green, of Lancaster, N. H. "No remedy helped me until I began using Electric Bitters, which did me more good than all the medicines I ever used. They have also kept my wife in excellent health for years. She says Electric Bitters are just splendid for female troubles; that they are a grand tonic and invigorator for weak, run down women. No other medicine can take its place in our family." Try them. Only 50 cents. Satisfaction guaranted by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist.

KINDLY TAKE NOTICE that Ely's Liquid Cream Balm is of great benefit to those sufferers from nasal catarrh who cannot inhale freely through the nose, but must treat themselves by spraying. Liquid Cream Balm differs in form, but not medicinally from the Cream Balm that has stood for years at the head of remedies for catarrh. It may be used in any nasal atomizer. The price, including a spraying tube, is 75 cts. Sold by druggists and mailed by Ely Brothers, 56 Warren Street, New York.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

MANY HOMES MADE HAPPY.

PERUNA'S WORK.



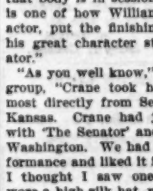
MR. AND MRS. KINSEY, OF ELK, MICHIGAN.

Mrs. Margaret Kinsey, Elk, Genessee county, Mich., writes to Dr. Hartman, as follows:

"I am well and think I will need no more medicine. I feel so well, and all my old complaints are gone, which were many. I often did not know which way to turn. No one knew what I suffered. For forty-nine years I suffered but now I am cured, for which I thank Dr. Hartman for his advice and good treatment. I keep Peruna in the house all the time and shall never be without it.

"My husband had a cough for nine years. He took Peruna and it helped him. He looks quite young. He works hard every day and is getting fat. He takes Peruna three times a day. You don't know how thankful I feel toward you; I never think of you but to thank you and will do all I can for you."

Congressman J. H. Bankhead, of Alabama, one of the most influential members of the House of Representatives, in a letter written from Washington, D. C., gives his endorsement to the great catarrh remedy, Peruna, in the following words: "Your Peruna is one of the best medicines I ever tried, and no family should be without your remarkable remedy. As a tonic and a catarrh cure I know of nothing better."



Hon. J. H. Bankhead.

There is but a single medicine which is a radical specific for catarrh. It is Peruna, which has stood a half century test. It has cured thousands of cases of catarrh. Ninety times in a hundred, those who have been cured of catarrh by Peruna thought they had some other disease."

The remedy to cure catarrh must be able to reach the mucous membranes, and this is exactly what Peruna does. Peruna operates at the fountain head. Peruna produces normal, clean and vigorous mucous membranes. Catarrh cannot remain in the system if Peruna is used according to directions.

Address The Peruna Medicine Company, Columbus, Ohio, for a free book on catarrh.

ALL IS SELFISHNESS.

The Wise Man's Theory and How It Was Exploded.

"After all," said the wise man, "what is it but selfishness? The optimist who goes through life whistling and singing songs of cheer is not entitled to any special credit, because it is a pleasure to him to be happy. If it didn't make him glad to be happy, he wouldn't be that way. So you see selfishness lies at the bottom of his good cheer.

"Then there is the pessimist. Is he discouraged because he thinks it is his duty to mankind to paint dark pictures? Not at all. His is another clear case of selfishness. He gratifies himself by being unhappy and trying to make others so. Love, too, is selfishness. The maiden doesn't love the man to make him glad. It's her own happiness that she promotes in looking upon him as the noblest work of God. Man's love for woman has back of it the same selfish motive.

"So, too, the philanthropist's love of the world. He loves it and loves to do great things for it because it gives him a satisfaction to know that he is doing well.

"Consider it from whatever standpoint you please, and you must always arrive at the same conclusion. Everything that man does he does selfishly. It is always a case of gratifying his own inclinations. It"—

Just then the wise man turned a somersault and skinned his nose against a water plug. When he got up and looked around, with the look of one who was beginning to remember things that had long been forgotten, his pupil asked:

"Was it selfishness that impelled you to stub your toe? Did you do it because it brought a sense of gratification to you?"—

"Say, you confounded idiot," the wise man replied, "you ought to have that grin photographed. It would make a good frontispiece to Darwin's works."—Chicago Herald.

GOT A SENATOR'S HAT.

Actor Crane Appropriated the Headgear of a Kansas Statesman.

Among the stories that are retailed in the cloakroom of the senate when that body is in session at Washington is one of how William H. Crane, the actor, put the finishing touches upon his great character study, "The Senator."

"As you well know," said one of the group, "Crane took his character almost directly from Senator Plumb of Kansas. Crane had just started out with 'The Senator' and had opened in Washington. We had all seen the performance and liked it immensely. But I thought I saw one defect. Crane wore a high silk hat, which was not at all, according to my thinking, in keeping with the imitation of Plumb, who always wore the characteristic broad brimmed hat of the southerner. One evening when Crane, Ingalls, Plumb and myself happened to be dining together I remarked to Crane about the matter of the high hat.

"You really ought not to wear it, for it is not in keeping with the character,' said I. 'You ought to wear one like Plumb's.'

"Crane did not say much in answer, but when he arose from the table he reached out for Plumb's hat and calmly put it on. Leaving his own hat for Plumb, Crane went off down the street with the old felt affair jammed down over his forehead. The senator was too surprised to offer objection. The next night Crane appeared on the stage with Plumb's hat on his head and thereafter wore it at every performance."—Chicago Chronicle.

Illuminated Features.

"What does this fellow mean by speaking of 'the light of her countenance,' in describing his heroine?" asked the party who always wants to know.

"I suppose it is a delicate way of saying that she is lantern jawed," answered the ready explainer.—Baltimore American.

The Milliner.

We always imagine that when a milliner goes to church on Sunday she has thoughts something like these: "That's mine;" "I wonder where that fright came from;" "That's mine, but she hasn't it on right," etc.—Atchison Globe.

You Know What You Are Taking

When you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic, because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle, showing that it is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure, no pay. Price, 50c. sa tu th

Dr. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION FOR WEAK WOMEN.

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted

BAGGING			
2 ℔ Jute			6½
Standard			7½
Burlaps	6	@	6½
WESTERN SMOKED			
Hams ℔	12½@		14
Sides ℔	9	@	10
Shoulders ℔	9	@	9½
DRY SALTED			
Sides ℔	9½@		9½
Shoulders ℔	9	@	9½
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine			
Second-hand, each	1 85	@	1 35
Second-hand machine	1 35	@	1 35
New New York, each		@	1 35
New City, each		@	1 35
BRICKS			
Wilmington ℔ M	6 50	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER			
North Carolina ℔ ℔	15	@	18
Northern	22	@	26
CORN MEAL			
Per bushel, in sacks	78½@		81
Virginia Meal	80@		81
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle	1 25	@	1 30
CANDLES—℔ ℔			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	9	@	11
COFFEE—℔ ℔			
Laguyra	11	@	12½
Rio	8	@	11
DOMESTICS			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	5½
Yarns, ℔ bunch of 5 ℔s		@	90
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-bbl	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ half-bbl	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	3 50	@	3 75
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel	6 00	@	7 00
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔	6	@	10
Extra	4 00	@	5 00
FLOUR—℔ ℔			
Low grade	3 95	@	3 70
Choice	3 75	@	4 00
Straights	3 85	@	4 25
First Patent	5 00	@	5 25
GLUE—℔ ℔		@	10
GRAIN—℔ bushel			
Corn, from store, bgs—White	86	@	88
Mixed Corn	84	@	86
Oats, from store (mixed)	60	@	62½
Oats, Rust Proof	75	@	85
Cow Peas	90	@	1 00
HIDES—℔ ℔			
Green salted	4	@	5
Dry flint	10	@	11
Dry salt	9	@	10
HAY ℔ 100 lbs			
No 1 Timothy	1 00	@	1 05
Rice Straw		@	60
N. C. Crop	75	@	80
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔		3½@	3
CHEESE—℔ ℔			
Northern Factory	13½@		14
Dairy Cream	13	@	13½
Half cream	10	@	10½
LARD, ℔ ℔			
Northern	8½	@	10½
North Carolina	10	@	12½
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 10	@	1 15
ORE, ℔ barrel			
City Mess		@	16 00
Rump		@	16 50
Prime		@	18 00
SOPE, ℔ ℔	11	@	22
SALT, ℔ sack, Alum		@	1 25
Liverpool		@	90
American		@	90
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Gran'd	4 90	@	5 40
Standard A	4¾@		5
White Extra C	4¼@		4¾
Extra C, Golden	4¼@		4¼
C Yellow	4	@	4¼
LUMBER (city sawed) ℔ M ft—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	13 00	@	30 00
Rough edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	19 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES ℔ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hogshead		@	32
Barbadoes, in barrels		@	35
Porto Rico, in hogsheads	29	@	31
Porto Rico, in barrels	30	@	33
Sugar House, in hogsheads	12	@	14
Sugar House, in barrels	14	@	15
Syrup, in barrels	17	@	27
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis	2 40	@	2 50
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern	3½@		4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	6 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping	8 00	@	9 00
Common mill	4 00	@	5 00
Fair mill	5 00	@	6 00
Prime mill	6 50	@	7 50
Extra mill	8 00	@	8 50
SHINGLES, N. C. Cypress sawed ℔ M 18 inch	6 25	@	7 00
" Sap	5 50	@	6 00
5x20 Heart	3 50	@	4 00
" Sap	2 50	@	3 00
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon Northern	1 90	@	2 10

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

W. & W. Railroad—221 bales cotton, 6 casks spirits turpentine, 19 barrels tar.

W. C. & A. Railroad—291 bales cotton, 6 casks spirits turpentine, 38 barrels rosin, 104 barrels tar, 52 barrels crude turpentine.

C. C. Railroad—6 bales cotton, 3 casks spirits turpentine, 96 barrels tar, 5 barrels crude turpentine.

A. & Y. Railroad—2 casks spirits turpentine, 7 barrels tar.

W. & N. Railroad—60 bales cotton, 8 casks spirits turpentine, 8 barrels tar.

Steamer A. J. Johnson—17 casks spirits turpentine, 50 barrels rosin, 171 barrels tar.

Schr. Carolyn—132 barrels rosin.

Total—578 bales cotton, 42 casks spirits turpentine, 220 barrels rosin, 405 barrels tar, 52 barrels crude turpentine.

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET

(Quoted officially at the closing by the Produce Exchange.)

STAR OFFICE, January 29.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Nothing doing.

ROSIN—Market firm at $1.10 per barrel for strained and $1.15 per barrel for good strained.

TAR—Market firm at $1.25 per barrel of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market strong at $1.35 per barrel for hard, $2.50 for dip, and —— for virgin.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine nothing doing; rosin firm at $1 20@1.25; tar steady at $1.30; crude turpentine steady at $1.30 @2.30.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits turpentine	42
Rosin	220
Tar	405
Crude turpentine	57

Receipts same day last year—71 casks spirits turpentine, 440 barrels rosin, 453 barrels tar, 105 barrels crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 7¾c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	6½	cts. ℔ lb
Good ordinary	6¾	" "
Low middling	7½	" "
Middling	7¾	" "
Good middling	8 3-16	" "

Same day last year, market steady at 9¼c for middling.

Receipts—578 bales; same day last year, 444.

[Corrected Regularly by Wilmington Produce Commission Merchants, prices representing those paid for produce consigned to Commission Merchants.]

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina, firm. Prime, 70c; extra prime, 75c; fancy, 80c, per bushel of twenty-eight pounds. Virginia—Prime, 60c; extra prime, 65c; fancy, 70c. Spanish, 75@77c.

CORN—Firm; 85@87½c per bushel for white.

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 14@15c per pound; shoulders, 12½@13c; sides, 12½@13c.

EGGS—Dull at 18c per dozen.

CHICKENS—Dull. Grown, 20@25c; springs, 10@18c.

TURKEYS—Dressed, firm at 12@14c; live, 9@10c.

BEESWAX—Firm at 26c.

TALLOW—Firm at 5½@6½c per pound.

SWEET POTATOES—Firm at 60@65c per bushel.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, Jan. 29.—Money on call easy at 2@3½ per cent.; the market closed, bid and asked, at 2¾@2¾ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 4@5 per cent. Sterling exchange steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at 486¾@487 for demand and at 484¼ for sixty days. The posted rates were 485 and 488. Commercial bills 483¾@483¾. Bar silver 55¾. Mexican dollars 44¼. Government bonds firmer. State bonds inactive. Railroad bonds were irregular. U. S. refunding 2's, registered, 108¾; U. S refunding 2's, coupon, 108¾; U. S 3's, registered, 108½; do. coupon, 108¾; U. S. 4's, new registered, 139; do. coupon 140; U. S. 4's, old registered, 111½; do. coupon, 111¾; U. S. 5's reg'd, ex int. 106; do. coupon, 107¼; Southern Railway, 5's, 120 Stocks: Baltimore & Ohio 102¾; Chesapeake & Ohio 45¾; Manhattan L 134½; New York Central 161¾; Reading 55¾; do. 1st preferred 81¾; do. 2nd preferred 62¾; St. Paul 163¾; do. pref'd, 187; Southern R'way 33; do. pref'd 94½; Amalgamated Copper 74½; Am'n Tobacco —; People's Gas 101¼; Sugar 126¼; Tennessee Coal and Iron 62¾; U. S. Leather 11¾; do. pref'd, 80¾; Western Union 90¾; U. S. Steel 42¾; do. preferred 93; Mexican National 15¾; American Locomotive 31¼; do. preferred 91¼; Standard Oil 640@650; Virginia-Carolina Chemical Co., 60; do. preferred, 120¾.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 29.—Seaboard Air Line, common, 24¼@25; do. preferred, 46½@46¾; do 4s 84¾@84¼.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Jan. 29.—Rosin steady. Spirits turpentine barely steady at 44½@45c.

CHARLESTON, Jan. 29.—Spirits turpentine and rosin unchanged.

SAVANNAH, Jan. 29.—Spirits turpentine was firm at 43c; receipts 218 casks; sales 440 barrels; exports 75 casks Rosin firm; receipts 2,748 barrels; sales 3 630 barrels; exports 250 barrels Quote: A, B, C, D, $1 25; E, $1 30; F, $1 35; G, $1 40; H, $1 45; I, $1 70; K, $2 25; M, $3 65; N, $3 25; W G, $3 60; W W, $3 85.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, Jan. 29.—The cotton market opened steady, with prices unchanged to four points higher, and then eased off several points quite sharply, after which there was little change for the rest of the day. The early rise was an indifferent response to firm Liverpool and Manchester cables and to light estimates of the day's port receipts. New Orleans and Liverpool were fair buyers in our market around the opening, but later withdrew upon finding local sentiment bearishly disposed and speculative support tame. Pretty much all day the market followed an extremely narrow rut, with scalpers much of the time the only operators. Clearances for export were more than double the total port receipts—in all something over 56,000 bales—and nearly all from New Orleans. Bad weather was reported officially over the entire belt, either rain or snow falling, with the forecast indicating continued precipitation to-night and to-morrow with unreasonably low temperatures. The official estimates for to morrow's New Orleans and Houston receipts were rather larger than expected and helped to weight down the afternoon market. A small number of February notices were issued early in the day, but found willing takers among spot cotton houses and therefore made no marked impression on the market. The stubborn steadiness of Southern spot markets acted as a restraint upon would be short sellers, but failed to stimulate new buying. The market at the close was quiet, with prices net two to five points lower.

NEW YORK, Jan. 29.—Cotton quiet at 8¼c; net receipts 321 bales; gross receipts 6,066 bales; stock 117,690 bales.

Spot cotton closed quiet; middling uplands 8¼c; middling gulf 8¼c; sales 200 bales.

Cotton futures market closed quiet; January 7 98, February 8 00, March 8.06, April 8.11, May 8.12, June 8.13, July 8.15, August 8.00, September 7.67, October 7 65.

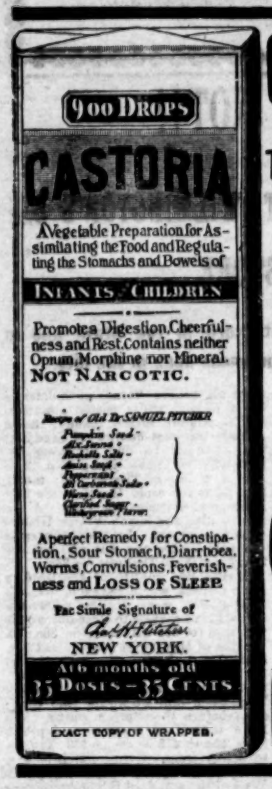
Total to-day—Net receipts 27,564 bales; exports to Great Britain 19 650 bales; exports to the Continent 36,861 bales; stock 877,750 bales.

Consolidated—Net receipts 118.726 bales; exports to Great Britain 88,187 bales; exports to France 13.907 bales; exports to the Continent 84,168 bales.

Total since September 1st.—Net receipts

PUZZLE PICTURE.

WHAT EX-GOVERNOR OF NEW YORK IS HERE REPRESENTED?


900 DROPS
CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES – 35 CENTS
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.*

In Use For Over Thirty Years

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THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

SPECIAL

Beginning Monday we will sell any TAN SHOE in our house at actual COST.

We have also a lot of Ladies' and Gents' Needle and Pointed Toe Shoes

That we will sell you at $1.50. These are goods that sold for $3 to $5 a pair. Come early before sizes are broken.

CEO. R. FRENCH & SONS.

jan 19 tf

The Murchison National Bank,

Of Wilmington, N. C.,

H. C. McQUEEN, President. J. V. GRAINGER, Cashier

Assets $1 000,000.00.

Prompt and reliable service. Security. Every possible facility.

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jan 9 tf

THE 1831 COUNTRY GENTLEMAN 1902

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FOR RENT,

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Early Rose Seed Potatoes

Seed Oats,

Seed Wheat,

Salt, Molasses,

Bagging and Ties.

Lime, Cement, Nails, Grain and Hay.

A general line of Groceries of best quality and fair prices.

The Worth Company.

jan 19 tf

SEASONABLE GOODS

MULLETS. new catch.

Best Cream Cheese.

Martin's Gilt Edge Butter,

Bagging and Ties.

SALT.

A GENERAL LINE OF CASH GOODS DEMAND AT THIS SEASON.

Sole agents for

ROB ROY FLOUR.

McNAIR & PEARSALL.

sep

A BIT OF DIPLOMACY.

CLEVER TRICK OF AN ENGLISH GOVERNOR OF THE PORT OF ADEN.

The Curious Story Connected With the White House of Bab-el-Mandeb, A Monument of the Undoing of a French Admiral.

On the foreshore of the Arabian coast in the strait of Bab-el-Mandeb, at the southern entrance to the Red sea, stands a large white house concerning which the travelers to the far east may hear a curious story. In the middle of the nineteenth century, when M. de Lesseps, after many difficulties, had successfully floated the Suez Canal company, the governor of the British port of Aden, about 100 miles distant, was surprised one morning by the visit of a French squadron of very unusual size for that part of the orient which, having encountered a terrific storm off Sokotra, had put in for repairs.

In the mind of the governor curiosity was at once aroused as to the destination of so large a command, a curiosity which increased as he found it impossible to extract any further information from the French admiral or his officers beyond the statement that they were upon an ordinary cruise, an explanation which the former was not the least inclined to believe.

Firm in the belief, therefore, that some political move of great importance was afloat if not afoot, the governor, in order first of all to gain time, gave orders to go very tortoiselike on the repairs and then set to work to take the Frenchmen off their guard by giving a succession of such entertainments as both his slender means and the awful barrenness of the place would afford.

But though at the end of two weeks the French and British officers had got upon the best of terms the immediate destination of the French squadron remained as much of a mystery to the governor of Aden as before, and in spite of all possible delay the repairs were nearly completed.

Now, it happened that the wife of the governor possessed an Irish maid, who had been receiving attentions from one of the French petty officers—attentions which the girl did not regard seriously. It occurred to the governor that by such means something might be learned of his unexpected visitor's plans, and a private conversation between the governor's wife and her maid resulted in another between the latter and her French admirer, by which it was discovered that Perim island was the objective point.

At this information the governor opened his eyes wide indeed, for, if the Suez canal were cut through, Perim, as commanding the southern entrance to the Red sea, in the middle of the strait of Bab-el-Mandeb, would be a place of great strategic importance, over which, without doubt, it was the intention of the French admiral to hoist the tricolor.

Secretly giving orders, therefore, for a gunboat to immediately embark a detachment of soldiers and steal away in the night for Perim island, the governor then announced a farewell banquet and ball for the day but one following, a final act of courtesy with which the French admiral would willingly have dispensed, for he was anxious to sail, but which he could not well refuse on account of the use he had made of the British supplies and machinery at Aden.

So the dinner and party in due course came off, the governor being in high spirits, because in the meantime he had received the news of the occupation of Perim, which under the circumstances would surely be followed by the longed for promotion, and the French admiral was equally happy, for he hoped on the morrow to add the same important little speck of land to the dominion of his own country, thereby covering his breast with the stars and himself with maritime glory.

Next day, after an interchange of cordial farewells, the French squadron sailed away to an apparently unknown destination, until, when clear of the land, the course was laid full speed direct for Perim island.

Then what was the dismay and disappointment of the French admiral and his officers when, on coming in sight of their destination, they beheld the British flag flying and a company of soldiers drawn up to give them a proper salute. It is said the French admiral was so mortified at being thus outwitted that he first flung his cocked hat overboard and then followed it himself into the sea.

Be this as it may, as Perim was clearly already occupied by the British, the only counter move which the French could make was to take possession of a strip of the foreshore on the opposite Arabian coast, where they built the fortified white house in question, but as the place was entirely at the mercy of the guns on Perim island it was shortly abandoned, to remain to this day as a monument of a French admiral's undoing.—Exchange.

A JOSSHOUSE.

Pen Picture of the One In San Francisco's Chinese Quarter.

In one corner is a miniature wooden warrior, frantically riding a fiery steed toward a joss who stands in his doorway awaiting the rider's coming. A teapot of unique design, filled with fresh tea every day, and a very small cup and saucer are always ready for the warrior. This represents a man killed in battle, whose noble steed, missing his master, refused to eat and so pined away and died. A welcome is assured to them in the better land if the work of man can accomplish it. The horse and rider are to them (the Chinese) what the images of saints are to Christians. In another corner is a tiny bowl of water. The gods occasionally come down and wash. At certain times of the year direct questions are written on slips of paper and put into the hands of one of the greatest josses. These disappear, and then the joss either nods or shakes his head in answer.

On the altar or altars are several brass and copper vessels, in which the worshiper leaves a sandalwood punk burning in such a position that the ashes will fall on the fine sand in the vessel. When one of these is full, it is emptied into an immense bronze vase on the balcony, and this, in turn, is emptied into the ocean. The Chinese take good care of their living and never forget their dead. Once a year, the fourteenth day of the seventh month, they have a solemn ceremony by which they send gold and silver and cloth to the great army of the departed.

A furnace is a necessity in a josshouse. It is lighted on ceremonial days, and paper representing cloth, gold and silver is burned, the ashes of the materials being, in their minds, useful in spirit land. Private families send to their relatives and friends whatever they want by throwing the gold, the silver and the cloth paper, also fruits, into a fire built in the street in front of their houses. The days of worship come on the 1st and 15th of each month.—Modern Culture.

For Asthma use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

For sale by Hardin's Palace Pharmacy.

WHAT SAID THE WIND?

[Her thought.]

The wind is waving all the trees;
They whisper in the sun,
And ever through the sweet, warm grass
The wayward shadows run.
Oh, turn you here or turn you there,
The thought will not away
That love comes as the wind comes,
And none may say it nay.

[His thought.]

The wind is scattering the leaves,
The clouds rush up the sky,
The vagrant snowflakes find no rest,
But whirl and toss and fly,
And still thought wanders with the wind,
Returning but to say,
"Oh, love goes as the wind blows,
And none may bid it stay!"

—Aldis Dunbar in Aldine's Magazine.

ONE OF BROOKS' PUPILS.

He Was Unjustly Punished, but He Forgave the Offense.

After his graduation from Harvard college Phillips Brooks became a teacher in the Boston Latin school. And here, on the very threshold of his career, he met with failure. So much had been expected of him that his want of success was naturally a subject of much comment at the time, and after he had become a great preacher his early failure was still referred to and sometimes was used to point a moral.

It was a turbulent class that Phillips Brooks had to teach. Before he took charge of it three teachers had been driven away. The man who followed Mr. Brooks, to fill out the year, confessed himself so wearied by the frequent resort to corporal punishment that he was obliged to betake himself to the mountains for the summer to recuperate his strength. The boys were certainly in fault, but the blame was not wholly theirs, and long since they may be supposed to have repented of their mischief.

Phillips Brooks was then not yet 20 years old, little more than a boy. Naturally, perhaps, he made mistakes. On one occasion, says his biographer, he punished a boy who had committed no fault.

After Mr. Brooks had become bishop of Massachusetts, as he was moving in his majestic dignity across Boston Common, he met this boy, then a mature man occupying a post of trust and influence. Neither man had forgotten the incident.

Looking down upon his old pupil, the bishop made a certain appeal for forgiveness. "Tell me, now," he said, "that I did not make a mistake and punish the wrong boy."

"Yes, you did make a mistake. You punished the wrong boy," was the answer, "but I have missed so many punishments that I deserved that I ought to be grateful for that one, which I did not deserve."—Youth's Companion.

Inopportune.

"I just saw the young Widow Weeds. She looked just charming in her mourning," said the pretty woman.

"I suppose," remarked her crotchety husband, "that you wouldn't mind being a widow yourself."

"Oh, it's hateful of you to talk that way, when you know I've got a blue silk waist that I haven't worn yet."—Philadelphia Press.

Above Suspicion.

On being informed that a member of his race had been sentenced to the penitentiary for forgery, Brother Dickey exclaimed: "Dat's what comes er dis yer eddication. Thank de good Lawd I never could read or write, en, what's mo,' I never will!"—Atlanta Constitution.

In Abyssinia the coffee plant grows wild in great profusion and derives its name from Kaffa, a district of that country.

It Dazzles the World.

No discovery in medicine has ever created one quarter of the excitement that has been caused by Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. It's severest tests have been on hopeless victims of Consumptions, Pneumonia, Hemorrhage, Pleurisy and Bronchitis, thousands of whom it has restored to perfect health. For Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Croup, Hay Fever, Hoarseness and Whooping Cough it is the quickest, surest cure in the world. It is sold by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist, who guarantees satisfaction or refund the money. Large bottles 50 cents and $1.00. Trial bottles free.

Cures Rheumatism and Catarrh After All Else Fails—Costs Nothing to Try.

To cure the most desperate rheumatism or catarrh take Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B), the wonder of the age. Cures when all else fails. It kills the poison in the blood and gives a pure, healthy blood supply, stopping all gnawing, shooting aches and pains in the bones, joints, back, and reduces all swellings. Hawking, spitting, dropping in the throat, offensive breath and catarrh, irritations of the mucous membranes quickly disappear, thus making a perfect, permanent cure of the worst rheumatism or deep-seated catarrh. B. B. B. is especially advised for old, obstinate cases. Druggists, $1. Trial treatment free and prepaid by writing to Dr. Gillam, 313 Mitchell street, Atlanta, Ga. Describe trouble and free medical advice given.

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Initiation fee, 25 cents per share.
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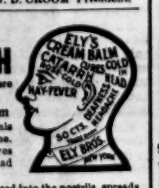
The management is prudent and economical as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars. J. D. CROOM President.

Nasal CATARRH

In all its stages there should be cleanliness.

Ely's Cream Balm cleanses, soothes and heals the diseased membrane. It cures catarrh and drives away a cold in the head quickly.



Cream Balm is placed into the nostrils, spreads over the membrane and is absorbed. Relief is immediate and a cure follows. It is not drying—does not produce sneezing. Large Size, 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; Trial Size, 10 cents by mail.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.

jan 21 tf sa tu th

CURE YOURSELF!

Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.

Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

ma th tha

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AND NEVER SINCE ITS FIRST ISSUE HAS THERE BEEN ANY CHANGE OF NAME, PROPRIETORSHIP OR EDITORIAL MANAGEMENT.

IT GUARANTEES A MUCH LARGER REGULAR, BONA FIDE CIRCULATION THAN ANY OTHER DAILY NEWSPAPER PUBLISHED IN WILMINGTON. This claim has never been challenged by any competing newspaper.

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COAL AND WOOD!

WE ARE NOW OFFERING THE BEST QUALITY AND THE CLEANEST COAL ON THE MARKET. FIRST CLASS

Blackjack, Split Oak, Ash, Pine and Lightwood.

Our Wood we Guarantee To be perfectly DRY, regardless of weather.

Prices, Weights and Measures Guaranteed.

Give us a trial order and judge for yourself.

The Coal, Cement and Supply Co.,

214 South Front Street.

BELL 'PHONE 645. INTERSTATE 72.

nov 24 tf

Rehder's Rehder's

Wait For Bargains.

The balance of THE JOHNSON STOCK has been removed to our store. In a few days it will be put on sale.

We are going to move at a remarkable low price. At this sale lots of goods from our regular stock must go at low prices to make room for our Spring Stock.

We are sole agents for New Idea Patterns, sold at 10c. None better.

New Lot Carhart Overalls Just In.

We have all sizes. Can fit any size now. Every pair guaranteed. Union made.

J. H. REHDER & CO.,
FOURTH STREET.

Watch for the date of the above sale. jan 19 tf

TAKE NOTICE!

That deposits made on or before Saturday, February 1st, will bear interest from that date, payable at our June 1st quarter.

We have a few Safety Deposit Boxes vacant. Price $4 per year.

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Company,

108 Princess Street.

J. W. NORWOOD, President. H. WALTERS, Vice President.
C. E. TAYLOR, Jr., Cashier.

jan 26 tf

J. W. NORWOOD, Pres. JOHN S. ARMSTRONG, Vice Pres.

Other People's Money is Carefully Handled by the

Atlantic National Bank,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Absolute Safety is Afforded Depositors by

Assets - - - - - - - $2,000,000.

We want your account. Write us.

ANDREW MORELAND, Cashier.

J W. YATES, Ass't Cashier. jan 26 tf

White Dimity.

Another lot of ten cent White Dimity on sale now at

6 Cents.

S. & B. SOLOMON.

jan 26 tf

Bran and Seed Potatoes.

300 bags of brat Wheat Bran.
150 bags of genuine Aroostook county H. B. Potatoes.
50 bags of genuine Aroostook county Red and White Bliss.
250 bags of Coffee, good bargains.
150 bags of Rice
500 boxes Tobacco; special prices to large buyers.
500 bushels of Virginia Water Ground Meal.
5,000 bushels of Grain.
5 car loads of No. 1 Timothy Hay.

We ask the merchants of the Carolinas to get our prices before purchasing.

D. L. CORE CO.,

Wholesale Groceries and Drugs.
118, 120, 122 and 124 North Water Street.
ja 26 tf Wilmington, N. C.

LOOK AT THIS.

Fresh Load of Horses and Mules

Just arrived, among them several Kentucky saddle and general business Horses. I also carry a full stock of

BUGGIES, HARNESS, ETC.,

For sale and have lately added to my business a light Livery. New Buggies and stylish Horses. Call and see me.

F. T. MILLS.

ja 26 tf

VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS

WEST INDIA SHORT LINE

DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

Between New York, Tampa Atlanta, New Orleans & Points South & West.

Schedule in Effect Dec. 1st, 1901.

TRAIN 39 Leaves Wilmington at 2:05 P. M., arrives Lumberton 5:20 P. M., Pembroke 5:45 P. M., Marion 6:15 P. M., Hamlet 7:15 P. M., Charlotte 10:20 P. M.

TRAIN 40 Leaves Charlotte 5:00 A. M., Hamlet at 7:50 A. M., arrives Marion 8:55 A. M., Pembroke 9:20 A. M., Lumberton 9:54 A. M., Wilmington 12:05 noon.

WESTBOUND FROM HAMLET.

Hamlet	10.35 p m	6.35 a m
Ar Monroe	12 11 a m	8.30 a m
Ar Charlotte		9.25 a m
Ar Chester	1.25 a m	9.45 a m
Ar Greenwood	3.43 a m	11.58 p m
Ar Athens	6.13 a m	2.19 p m
Ar Atlanta	8.50 a m	4.55 p m

Close connection at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans and all points in Texas, Mexico and California; also for Chattanooga, Nashville, Louisville, St. Louis, Cincinnati, Chicago, and Western and Northwestern points.

SOUTHBOUND FROM HAMLET.

Lv Hamlet	10.35 p m	6 40 a m
Ar Columbia	1 05 a m	8.40 a m
Ar Savannah	4 40 a m	12.05 p m
Ar Jacksonville	9.05 a m	3 50 p m
Ar Tampa	5.40 p m	5.00 a m

NORTHBOUND FROM HAMLET.

Lv Hamlet	11.00 p m	7.40 a m
Ar Raleigh	2 00 a m	1.05 a m
Ar Norfina	5.50 a m	11.05 p m
Ar Portsmouth		
Ar Norfolk	7.15 a m	5.35 p m

Lv Hamlet	10.40 p m	7.35 a m	7.40 a m
Ar Raleigh	1 50 a m	10.15 a m	11.00 a m
Ar Norfina	5.30 a m	11.55 a m	1.05 p m
Ar Petersburg	6 54 a m	2.05 p m	4.55 p m
Ar Richmond	8.35 a m	3 05 p m	5.45 p m
Ar Washington	10.10 a m	4.35 p m	9.30 p m
Ar Baltimore	11.26 a m	11.50 p m	11.26 p m
Ar New York	4.15 p m	6.30 a m	6.30 a m

Train 40 leaving Hamlet at 8.10 a. m. takes passengers from train 31, leaving New York at 1.00 p. m.; Baltimore at 5.45 p. m.; Washington 7.00 p. m.; Richmond 10 40 p. m.; Portsmouth 5.20 p. m.; Norfolk 6 30 p. m.; Raleigh 8.55 a. m. arriving at Hamlet at 6.00 a. m. From train 39, leaving Atlanta 8.00 p. m.; Athens 11.23 p. m.; Chester 4.50 a. m.; Charlotte 8.00 a. m.; Monroe 5.40 a. m.; arriving Hamlet 7.00 a. m.

From train 66 leaving Jacksonville 7.40 p. m.; Savannah 11.25 p. m.; Columbia 3.05 a. m.; arriving Hamlet 7.00 a. m.

Through Pullman sleepers from Hamlet to all points North, South and Southwest.

For tickets, Pullman reservations, etc., apply to Thomas D. Meares, General Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

R. E. L. BUNCH, General Passenger Agent.

JAS. M. BARR, 1st Vice Pres't and Gen'l Man. dec 7 tf

Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad

Time Table No. 18.

To Take Effect Sunday, Oct 21, 1900, at 12.01 A. M.

GOING EAST. Passenger Trains Arrive	Leave	STATIONS	GOING WEST. Passenger Trains Arrive	Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
	4 10	Goldsboro	11 05	
	4 32	Kinston	10 43	
5 40	5 50	Newbern	9 47	9 00
7 05	7 07	Morehead City	7 30	7 27
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11.05 A. M., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 1.00 P. M., and with W. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 5 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 5.00 P. M., and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.05 P. M. No. 1 train also connects with W. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

oct 28 tf S. L. DILL, Sup't.

New Goods.

Bagging and Ties,

New Mullets,

FIRST PAT. FLOUR,

2ND PAT. FLOUR, STRAIGHT FLOUR, SUGAR, COFFEE, RICE, MEAL, GRITS, MOLASSES WHEAT BRAN, CANNED GOODS, SOAP, LYE, STARCH, SALT, &c.

Send me your orders.

Special attention given to consignments.

S. P. McNAIR.

au 26 tf

THE LATEST AS TO NERVES AND STRENGTH

It is not muscle so much as the nerves back of muscle which show one's strength and power of endurance. And the study with able physicians of to-day is how to keep the nerves in perfect health and fitted for the strain of everyday living. Headache of every type, nerve weakness, dyspepsia, sleeplessness, langour, restlessness, nervous dyspepsia, muscular weakness, brain weariness, poor circulation,—a thousand different unpleasant feelings and symptoms are due to nerve waste and nerve weakness,—especially in women and children. But how can all this be prevented, one will ask? How can my broken-down constitution be repaired, and nerve strength and full, robust health be secured. Just two points to remember: Determine that you will grow strong in nerves and health, and decide to use at once that most famous nerve cure, COCELLIN. It is delicious in taste, quick in action and makes the wearied nerves tingle with renewed strength and every function the stronger and faculty the brighter by its use. Druggists sell it.

50 cents: or sent by

The Carrollton Chemical Co., Baltimore, Md.

TO ANY ADDRESS ON RECEIPT OF MONEY! WRITE US ABOUT IT!

WILMINGTON SEACOAST R. R.

On and after Monday, September 23rd, 1901 the schedule on the Wilmington Seacoast Railroad will be as follows:

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Leave Wilmington.	Leave Wrightsville.
2 30 P. M.	5 15 A. M.
6 30 P. M.	5 15 P. M.

SUNDAY TRAIN.

Leave Wilmington.	Leave Wrightsville.
2 30 P. M.	5 15 P. M.
6 30 P. M.	

Freight must be prepaid and will be carried on the 2.30 P. M. train only.

H. O. GRANT, Superintendent.

sep 22 tf

"WE WILL BOND YOU."

The United States Fidelity and Guaranty Company.

Home Office, - BALTIMORE, MD.

Paid up Cash Capital, $1,500,000.00

Surety Bonds of every description.

FIDELITY. CONTRACT. JUDICIAL

Judicial bonds executed without delay.

C. D. WEEKS, General Agent,
Smith Building, Wilmington, N. C.
Correspondence solicited. nov 26 tm

Atlantic Coast Line R. R. Co

Schedule in effect Dec. 22, 1901.

NORTH BOUND.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND.

DAILY 9.20 A. M. No. 42—Passenger—Due Magnolia 11.18 A. M., Warsaw 11.31 A. M., Goldsboro 12.51 P. M., Wilson 1.18 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.53 P. M., Tarboro 2.21 P. M. Weldon 4.35 P. M., Petersburg 5.46 P. M., Richmond 7.40 P. M., Norfolk 5.15 P. M., Washington 11.40 P. M. Baltimore 1.55 A. M. Philadelphia 4.05 A. M., New York 7.1 A. M., †Boston 3.0. P. M.

DAILY 7.00 P. M. No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.[illegible] P. M., Warsaw 8.40 P. M., Goldsboro 9.27 P. M., Wilson 10.30 P. M., †Tarboro 9.34 A. M., Rocky Mount 11.23 P. M. Weldon 1.37 A. M., †Norfolk 1.50 P. M. Petersburg 3.1 A. M., Richmond 3.57 A. M., Washington 7.39 A. M., Baltimore 9.09 A. M., Philadelphia 11.19 A. M. New York 1.43 P. M., Boston 5.00 P. M.

DAILY except Sunday 3.25 P. M. No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 4.13 P. M., Newbern 5.40 P. M.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY except Sunday 6.00 A. M. No. 51—Due Lake Waccamaw 7.10 A. M., Chadbourn, 7.41 A. M., Marion 8.45 A. M., Florence 9.25 A. M., Lanes 11.08 A. M., Charleston 1.10 P. M.

DAILY 3.45 P. M. No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.58 P. M., Chadbourn 5.30 P. M. Marion 6.40 P. M., Florence 7.25 P. M. Sumter 9.15 P. M., Columbia 10.40 P. M. Denmark 8.14A. M., Augusta 8.10 A. M. Macon 11.15 A. M., Atlanta 12.25 P. M. Charleston 11.15 P. M., Savannah 8.00 A. M., Jacksonville 8.50 A. M., So. Ar engeline 12.50 A. M., Tampa 10.00 P. M.

WEST BOUND.

DAILY 9.10 A. M. No. 58—Passenger—Due Fayetteville 12.30 P.M., leaves Fayetteville 12.42 P. M., arrives Sanford 1.53 P. M.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 6.00 P. M. No. 49—Passenger—Leave Boston †1.30 P. M., New York *9.30 P. M., Philadelphia 12.00 A. M., Baltimore 2.55 A. M., Washington 4.30 A. M., Richmond 8.05 A. M., Petersburg 9.48 A. M., Norfolk 8.00 A. M., Weldon 11.50 A. M., Tarboro 12.52 P. M. Rocky Mount 12.52 P. M., Wilson 2.40 P. M., Goldsboro 3.19 P. M. Warsaw 4.10 P. M., Magnolia 4.36 P. M.

DAILY 10.10 A. M. No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 10 night, New York 9.35 A. M., Philadelphia 12.03 P. M., Baltimore 2.16 P. M., Washington 3.45 P. M.,† Richmond 7.23 P. M., Petersburg 7 59 P. M., **Norfolk 4.00 P. M., Weldon 9.05 P. M., **Tarboro 7.28 P. M., Rocky Mount 8.45 A. M. Leave Wilson 6 26 A. M., Goldsboro 7.31 A. M., Warsaw 8 01 A. M., Magnolia 8 27 A. M.

DAILY except Sunday 12.15 P. M. No. 63—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9.00 A. M., Jacksonville 12.35 A. M.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY except Sunday 11.30 P. M. No. 50—Leave Charleston 4.20 P. M. Lanes 6.06 P. M., Florence 6.15 P. M., Marion 8.54 P. M., Chadbourn 9.53 P. M., Lake Waccamaw 10.31 P. M.

DAILY 3.40 P. M. No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 9.40 A. M., Sanford 2.10 P. M., Jacksonville 5.30 P. M. 8.35 P. M., Savannah 1.30 A. M., Charleston 6.45 A. M., Atlanta 7.50 A. M. Macon 9.00 A. M., Augusta 2.40 P. M., Denmark 4.05 P. M., Columbia 8.55 A. M., Sumter 8.09 P. M., Florence 10.10 A. M., Marion 10.51 A. M., Chadbourn 11.58 A. M., Lake Waccamaw 12.39 A. M.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday at 6.05 A. M. Bennettsville 7.25 A. M.; arrive Darlington 8.15 A. M. Leave Darlington 8.50 A. M.; arrive Florence 9.15 A. M. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 4.10 P. M., Cheraw 5.15 P. M., Hartsville 7.25 A. M., Darlington 6.29 P. M.; arrive Florence 7.00 P. M. Leave Darlington 8.50 A. M., arrive Florence 9.15 A. M.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 1.59 P. M., 11.10 P. M., arrive Selma 3.45 P. M. 11.59 P. M., Smithfield 3.03 P. M., Dunn 3.40 P. M. Fayetteville 4.35 P. M.; 1.10 A. M., Rowland 6.10 P. M., returning leave Rowland 11.15 A. M., Fayetteville 12.35 P. M., 10.07 P. M., Dunn 1.24 P. M., Smithfield 2.03 P. M. Selma 2.10 P. M., 11.35 P. M., arrive Wilson 2.57 P. M., 12.07 A. M.

Trains leave Sumter 4.38 A. M., Creston 5.17 A. M., arrive Denmark 6.14 A. M. Returning leave Denmark 4.36 P. M., Creston 5.36 P. M. Sumter 6.19 P. M. Daily.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.
dec 22 tf

The Clyde Steamship Co.

New York, Wilmington, N. C., and Georgetown, S. C., Lines.

From New York for Wilmington.
ONEIDA..... Saturday, Jan. 18
GEO. W. CLYDE..... Saturday, Jan. 25

From Wilmington for New York.
GEO. W. CLYDE..... Monday, Jan. 20
ONEIDA..... Saturday, Jan. 25

From Wilmington for Georgetown.
GEO. W. CLYDE..... Thursday, Jan. 16
ONEIDA..... Tuesday, Jan. 21

Steamers do not carry passengers.

Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For Freight apply to H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt. Wilmington, N. C.

THEO. G. EGER, General Manager. 19 State Street, New York.

jan 16 tf

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

THURSDAY MORNING, JAN. 30.

A NAVAL ENGAGEMENT.

Between the Colombian Government Fleet and the Insurgents' Steamers.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

PANAMA, COLOMBIA, Jan. 29.—The Colombian government fleet, consisting of the steamers Boyaca and Chuchito and the armed launch General Campo, which left here yesterday to make an attempt to break the blockade of Agua Dulce, where the revolutionary fleet was last seen, and to communicate with Gen. Castro, the Colombian commander, met the insurgent steamer Padilla at Yeguala thirty miles from Panama, at 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon and opened fire. The revolutionary steamers Darien and Gaitan appeared on the scene soon after the engagement began. The fire of the Chuchito was so well directed that it caused the revolutionary fleet to draw in towards the shore, where the enemy's ships were protected by land batteries. The Chuchito and Boyaca then retired, unmolested, and arrived here at 5 P. M. yesterday. The General Campo was not engaged.

The forces of General Herrera, the revolutionary commander, are at San Carlos, forty miles from here.

COLD WAVE SIDE-TRACKED.

Unsettled Weather Conditions Expected to Prevail for Another Day.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ATLANTA, GA., Jan. 29.—This section of the country was to-day, according to the Weather Bureau, the meeting point of a high and low area. The former bringing a cold wave and the latter rain, produced unsettled conditions which are expected to prevail for another day. A drizzling rain beginning early this morning gave way at night to a dense fog which has interfered with all kinds of wire communication and hampered local street car traffic. A sleet storm, extending from the Ohio river as far south as Memphis and east to Chattanooga, almost paralyzed telegraph wires, while snow in Texas isolated some parts of that State from the outside world. Southern temperatures ranged from 16 at Nashville to 78 at Key West.

WAR REVENUE TAXES.

Large Reduction Proposed by the Ways and Means Committee.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—The Republican members of the Ways and Means Committee held a private conference to-day and decided to frame a bill for the reduction of war revenue taxes before proceeding further with the subject of Cuban reciprocity.

It is pretty fully understood that the majority is prepared to favor a measure affecting very large reductions, amounting practically to a repeal of the entire war taxes, and aggregating about $68,000,000.

At the conference to-day it was the prevailing view that as Cuba had been the cause for incurring the war revenue taxes, the burden should be removed from this country before considering the extent of relief to be granted to Cuba.

SCHLEY IN LOUISVILLE.

Heavy Sleet Storm Did Not Interfere With the Programme of Entertainment.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

LOUISVILLE, KY., Jan. 29.—Admiral Schley to-day moved through the heaviest sleet storm that Louisville has seen in many years while following the programme of entertainment prepared for him by the Board of Trade. In spite of the bad weather more than 2,000 persons visited the board rooms this morning and shook the admiral's hand. Lunch at the Pendennis Club followed and to-night the admiral was the guest of honor at the annual banquet of the Board of Trade. He responded with a bow to the cheers that greeted his entry to the banquet hall. The two hundred guests sat at the long tables. Marion Taylor, president of the Board of Trade, was toast master.

ELECTIONS IN THE SOUTH.

Another Bill Introduced in the House by a Republican Member.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—Representative Gibson, of Tennessee, to-day introduced a bill, which has the support of a number of Southern Republican members, punishing frauds and wrongs in the election of Representatives to Congress. The bill is quite lengthy and punishes as a misdemeanor by fine of $500 or two years' imprisonment at hard labor, any interference with the regular voting procedure. The various sections specify in detail different irregularities, including preventing voting or the denial of the exercise of the franchise; the use of false ballots; falsely personating others; irregularity of election and registration, officials, etc. Provision is also made for the representation of each party on election and registration boards.

RESCUED BY FIREMEN.

Six-Story Building in Chicago Burned. Many Narrow Escapes.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, Jan. 29.—Bravery shown by the firemen to night saved a number of lives at a fire at 160-162 East Superior street. The blaze was in a six-story building owned by the Zero Marx Company, sign painters. It was partially destroyed, the damage being $45,000 to the building and $68,000 to the contents.

The fire originated in the basement and spread so rapidly that the people on the upper floors were given but a slender chance for escape, but all were rescued with slight injuries.

It Girdles the Globe.

The fame of Bucklen's Arnica Salve as the best in the world extends round the earth. It's the one perfect healer of Cuts, Corns, Burns, Bruises, Sores, Scalds, Boils, Ulcers, Felons, Aches, Pains and all Skin Eruptions. Only infallible Pile Cure. 25 cents a box, at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

SCHLEY'S APPEAL IS MADE PUBLIC.

Comment of the Navy Department Thereon Will Soon Follow.

PRESIDENT ASKED TO REVIEW

Grounds On Which the Appeal From the Findings of the Court of Inquiry Are Based—The Petition Fills Eight Printed Pages.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—The Navy Department has made public Admiral Schley's appeal, delivered to the President about a week ago. The department's "comment" will be published in a day or two.

Admiral Schley appeals to the President as the chief executive and commander-in-chief of the army and navy, "vested with power to regulate and direct the acts of the several executive officers thereof," and he asks that the President review the findings of the court. He asks this on three grounds, in each case basing his appeal on the findings of Admiral Dewey, as opposed to the majority report. These three grounds are set out compendiously in the "petition," which fills about eight printed pages of a pamphlet and is signed by Admiral Schley and by Messrs. Rayner, Parker and Teague of his counsel. Attached to the petition are three exhibits, "A," "B" and "C," each made up of copious extracts from the testimony taken by the court of inquiry and intended to confirm the statements of fact made in the petition itself.

In this latter document the first ground of appeal is the holding of Secretary Long in his endorsement on the court's findings that "the conduct of the court in making no finding and rendering no opinion on those questions (that of command and of credit for the victory) is approved—indeed it could, with propriety, take no other course, evidence on these questions during the inquiry having been excluded by the court."

On this point the petition says that the secretary of the navy was in error in stating that the court excluded testimony to show that, as Dewey said, Schley was the senior officer in the battle of Santiago; was in absolute command, and entitled to the credit due for the glorious victory which resulted in the total destruction of the Spanish ships. On this point the petition says:

"And your petitioner, 'the applicant,' before said court of inquiry, now files with this petition an argument, together with a resume of the testimony taken during the inquiry in so far as it relates to the questions as to who was in command at the battle of Santiago, in support of his plea that the presiding member of the said court acted within his authority and jurisdiction in reporting his opinion as herein before set forth, and that the majority members of the said court failed in the discharge of a most important duty devolving upon them under the precept, in that they did not report their opinion upon the said question; that it was incumbent upon such majority members to consider and determine the said question for the reason that only by so doing could they determine the propriety of the conduct of the said Schley in said battle, since, it being a fact that he did assume command of the American forces therein engaged, his action would, in the absence of the right and duty so to do, have been highly censurable, and upon the question of such right and duty and the propriety of his conduct in the premises, the said Schley was entitled, under the precept, to a finding and an opinion from the majority members of the said court; and your petitioner respectfully requests that the said argument and resume of testimony (which are attached hereto and marked 'exhibit A') be considered as a part of his petition and as the basis for his prayer for relief in the premises."

Therefore, the petitioner asks the President to annul Secretary Long's endorsement on this point, and that he specifically approve Admiral Dewey's statement, declaring that Schley was in command. He says that only in this way can exact justice be done him under the precept.

The second ground relates to the alleged withdrawal of the squadron at night from Santiago bay and the character of the blockade, and the propriety of Commodore Schley's conduct in the premises. This was one of the points upon which Admiral Dewey specifically dissented. The petition recites the finding of the court to the effect that the flying squadron did not withdraw at night, and declares that by this statement the court obviated the necessity of expressing its opinion as to whether or not a close or adequate blockade was established, and the propriety of Commodore Schley's conduct in the premises. It is declared that under the specification—the eighth—more than a majority of all the witnesses were examined, and about one-third of the whole period of the inquiry was consumed in its consideration; yet, "notwithstanding the facts herein set forth, all of which appear upon the record of the said court, the concurring members thereof failed utterly and entirely to discharge the most important duty imposed upon them by the terms of the said specification, which duty was to report their opinion upon the question of whether or not a close or adequate blockade of said harbor to prevent the escape of the enemy's vessels therefrom was established, and the propriety of Commodore Schley's conduct in the premises."

Therefore, Admiral Schley asks the President to annul the secretary's endorsement which "makes valid the failure of the majority of the members thereof to report their opinion upon that portion of the said eighth specification."

And it is also asked that there be substituted therefor Admiral Dewey's holding: "The blockade of Santiago was effective." Otherwise the petitioner declares that he will be without a finding or opinion upon one of the most important specifications.

The third ground recites Admiral Dewey's opinion to the effect that: "The passage from Key West to Cienfuegos was made by the flying squadron with all possible dispatch, having in view the importance of arriving off Cienfuegos with sufficient coal; that the blockade of Cienfuegos was effective; that the Adula was permitted to gain information; and finally that the passage from Cienfuegos to a point off Santiago was made with as much dispatch as possible, while keeping the squadron a unit."

The petition declares that this opinion, being at variance in certain points with the majority opinion, is the only one justified by the evidence and facts before the court, and it is asked that the secretary's approval of the majority findings be set aside and annulled in each instance at its variance with Admiral Dewey's opinion and that the latter's opinion should be approved for the reasons heretofore set out in the bill of exceptions filed with the Secretary of the Navy.

It is also asked that the President annul that portion of Secretary Long's endorsement which states: "As to points on which the presiding member differs from the opinion of the majority of the court, the opinion of the majority is approved," and that in its place he substitute and approve the declaration of Admiral Dewey on these points above referred to, connected with the passage from Key West to Cienfuegos and thence to Santiago.

The petition concludes: "And your petitioner most respectfully states that only by the action for which he prays in this relation can exact justice be done him, within the contemplation of the precept under which the said court sat and whence it derived its authority."

TERRIBLE STORM OF SLEET AND COLD RAIN.

Business Section of Little Rock, Ark., a Scene of Desolation—The Damage Will Exceed $400,000.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

LITTLE ROCK, ARK., Jan. 29.—The heaviest losses ever sustained in Little Rock from a like cause, is the result of the terrible storm of sleet and cold rain which has prevailed here for the past three days, culminating last night.

The business section of the city is a scene of desolation. The estimated damage will exceed $400,000, including losses to business. Main street suffered more than any other part of the city, but residences and dwellings all over town are more or less damaged.

In some parts of the city the telegraph and telephone poles are all down, pulling trees and wires with them, and forming a congealed mass of wreckage. Street cars were run irregularly all day. The fall of sleet amounted to about five inches.

Little Rock is practically shut off from the world. The Western Union lines are all down throughout the State. The Southern Telephone and Telegraph Company reports a loss of $35,000. The Little Rock Telephone Company has not a line operating in the city. Most of its wires are broken and many of its poles are down, all four blocks on Louisiana street having fallen with a crash this morning. Crossed wires set fire to the office but the flames were readily extinguished. Fully five thousand shade trees were completely demolished.

Storm at Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, KY., Jan. 29.—An unusually severe sleet storm prevailed throughout the greater portion of the Ohio river valley early to day, causing delay to railroad traffic and crippling telegraph service. The storm began here at 10 o'clock last night and from that time until early to-day sleet fell without cessation. This was followed by rain which froze as it fell, making locomotion for pedestrians and vehicles difficult. Street car traffic was at a standstill.

The Postal Telegraph and Cable Company sustained serious accident to-night throughout the bad weather. Three poles on the river front carrying the Postal wires which were covered with sleet, fell and the wires landed across some trolley wires. In an instant the Postal Company's operating room was full of blue flames and then was cut off from outside communication.

At Other Places.

OWENSBORO, KY., Jan. 29.—Owensboro is completely buried in sleet. The damage to business interests is estimated at $75,000. The Cumberland Telephone Company and Home Telephone Company wires are broken, blockading the streets. Their loss is $15,000.

PADUCAH, KY., Jan. 29.—To-day the weather was the worst in the city's history. Sleet and snow and rain fell steadily. Mayor Reed this morning had all electricity shut off, closing factories, fire-alarm currents, street cars and shutting off lights. It is estimated that the total damage here will reach $100,000.

The damage at Mayfield is $60,000.

PATRICK'S TRIAL FOR MURDER

Cross-Examination of Capt Jas. A. Baker Continued—As to Genuineness of Signatures to Wills.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, January 29.—Captain James A. Baker again occupied the witness chair at the trial of Lawyer Albert T. Patrick for the murder of William Marsh Rice, almost the entire two sessions of court being taken up with his cross examination. The captain admitted that he had expressed no opinion as to the genuineness of the signatures of various papers bearing Rice's name, and which he now calls forgeries, until he had obtained the opinion of handwriting experts. He furthermore admitted that Patrick, before his arrest, had told him he desired a full investigation of his relations with the aged millionaire. The witness, too, declined to swear positively that Patrick was not present in Rice's apartments when the old man was at one time making depositions relative to litigation he was involved in. The prosecution has been endeavoring to prove that Patrick and Rice never met.

When Mr. Osborne, for the people, offered the 1896 will in evidence to the genuineness of the signature, Mr Moore for the defence, objected, declaring that the rulings of the Court of Appeals on the Molineux case was pertinent. After listening to Mr. Moore, who argued that the document was improper and irrelevant as evidence, Recorder Goff sustained the objection.

Captain Baker said he knew of three wills made by his firm for Rice. One was in 1882, one in 1893 and the last in 1896. The letter of instruction from Rice concerning the 1896 will was produced at the request of the defence and was placed on record. The letter contained these sentences which were read by Patrick's council: "It (the new will) need not be long and can be easily changed if necessary," and "if I live several years longer I may make another will."

On re-direct examination Captain Baker told of the assets of the William M. Rice Institute. All of them came from Mr. Rice. They included $200,000 in money and nearly 200,000 acres of land in Texas and Lousiana.

Norman Meldrum, a banker, testified that the signatures on the checks for $65,000 and $25,000 were forgeries.

The American Poultry Association, at Charleston, S. C., elected Dr. F. D. Kendall, of Columbia, S. C., president, and re-elected T. E. Orr, of Pittsburg, Secretary and treasurer.

Sister Mary Constance Bentivoglio, mother superior of the Omaha Convent of St. Clare and relative of Pope Leo, died early yesterday at the monastery after two weeks' illness.

For Croup use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

For sale by Hardin's Palace Pharmacy.

SENATE AGAIN HAS A BREEZY TIME.

Discussed the Question of Censorship of Press Dispatches in the Philippines.

WAR OF THE REVOLUTION.

Senator Money Refuted Statement of Senator Hoar That State of Massachusetts Furnished More Troops Than All Southern States.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—For an hour to-day the Senate had under discussion the question whether a censorship of press dispatches exists in Manila. While no such turbulent scenes were enacted as were witnessed during yesterday's session, the debate for a time was very spirited.

The Secretary of War was quoted as saying that no press censorship now existed in the Philippines and a letter from General Greely, the chief signal officer of the army, was presented by Senator Beveridge of Indiana, making the statement officially that there was no censorship of press dispatches and that "the press is entirely free."

On the contrary it was contended by the opposition that a press censorship did exist in the Philippines and that copies of every news dispatch filed with the cable company was filed with the military authorities. That, it was maintained, constituted a virtual censorship.

Senator Cullom, chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations, delivered an extended speech upon the history of the reciprocity negotiations. Senator Cullom maintained that the Dingley act could not limit the treaty making power or the time in which the President shall make treaties.

The Revolutionary War.

Addressing the Senate, Senator Money said the Senator from Massachusetts, Senator Hoar, made a statement a few days ago to the effect that the State of Massachusetts had furnished more troops in the war of the revolution than all that section south of what is known as Mason and Dixon's line. The figures had been taken, it was stated, from a report of Gen. Knox, the first secretary of war. Expressing his entire belief that the Massachusetts Senator would not wittingly present anything to the Senate but the facts, Senator Money read from authorities to show that the southern section of the country had furnished its full quota of troops. Virginia supplying 86,722 and South Carolina 31,131. The latter State had furnished thirty-two out of every forty-two citizens capable of bearing arms, while Massachusetts had furnished thirty-two out of every forty-two. He read extensive extracts from historical authorities in maintenance of his position.

Senator Hoar, in a statement replete with historical allusions, explained that in whatever he may have said up on the subject referred to by Senator Money he had no purpose of instituting a comparison between any sections of the country. He said he would be the last person in the world to disparage the efforts of the Southern States in the war of independence.

At the conclusion of Senator Hoar's remarks Senator Bacon desired to continue the discussion of the participation of the South in the revolutionary war, but Senator Lodge, who had the floor, thought it better to proceed with consideration of

The Philippine Measure.

The Senator from Alabama (Senator Morgan), he said, had expressed a desire to speak upon his proposed amendment to the pending bill and he thought he ought to be permitted to proceed.

Senator Bacon appealed to Senator Morgan to permit him to speak briefly.

"Certainly," replied the Alabama Senator, "speak as long as you like."

Senator Lodge, however, declined to yield the floor. His declination irritated Senator Tillman, who said: "You can't gag us in your effort to force this Philippine bill. How does the Senator get his own permission to be so invidious and so ungracious?"

Senator Lodge disclaimed any intention of being ungracious. He said if Senator Morgan did not care to go on he himself would present some matter bearing on the Philippine bill.

"Well," interpolated Senator Tillman, "we will discuss this historical question and we'll discuss it on the Philippine bill."

Senator Lodge was about to proceed when he was interrupted by Senator Hoar, who said: "The most emphatic argument against this whole Philippine business——."

"Is the healthy discussion of the patriotic impulses of our ancestors," interjected Senator Tillman, taking the idea, perhaps, if not the words, out of the Massachusetts Senator's mouth.

During Senator Lodge's remarks Senator Dubois declared that in his judgment there was a censorship in Manila. No newspaper man can file a dispatch with the cable company in Manila without filing an exact copy or duplicate of it with the military authorities. "You may quibble over that fact. In my opinion that is a censorship."

Senator Lodge said that he had called upon the Secretary of War last evening and had been assured by him that there was no censorship of press dispatches in the Philippines.

Censorship in the Islands.

Senator Beveridge said that he had requested an official statement upon the subject from Gen. Greely, chief signal officer of the army. Gen. Greely wrote: "Censorship in the Philippine Islands has been removed entirely between these islands and Europe and America, save in the case of code messages of unauthorized firms having no standing. The press is entirely free. Necessarily a limited censorship is maintained over messages in the Philippine archipelago and to adjacent points where insurgent troops and agents are in active hostility against the United States. Press messages are not censored to any place in Europe or America, but only to points where insurgents are actively engaged, through juntas or other agencies, such as in Hong Kong or Singapore."

After brief remarks by Senators Wellington and Stewart, Senator Bacon gained the floor. He criticised Senator Lodge for declining to yield to him at the time he desired to proceed, insisting that according to the usages and proprieties of the Senate he had had a right to the floor, but Senator Lodge had seen fit to deny to him that courtesy. He then proceeded to discuss at length the historical question which had been raised by Senator Money, concluding with a tribute to Senator Hoar "for his loyalty to free institutions" and expressing the hope that the people of Massachusetts soon would prove themselves to be in harmony with him.

Senator Tillman said he desired to "draw a few draughts from the fount of liberty," but would postpone his remarks upon the "history" which had been broached until to-morrow.

After an executive session the Senate adjourned.

House of Representatives.

There was no business to present to the House to-day and it adjourned after being in session twenty five minutes. Mr. Hopkins, Illinois, reported the permanent census bill and gave notice that he would call it up to-morrow. Mr. Maddox, Georgia, protested that the time was too short for members to familiarize themselves with the measure.

A request to make the oleomargarine bill a special order next Monday was objected to on the Democratic side.

CHARGED WITH ROBBING MAIL.

Negro Assistant Postmaster of Burroughs, Ga., Arrested by Means of a Decoy Letter.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SAVANNAH, GA., Jan. 29.—J. C. Legrees, colored, mayor and assistant postmaster of Burroughs, Ga., a colored settlement, was arrested to-day by Postoffice Inspector Lewis on a charge of robbing the mails. A decoy letter was sent through the office containing money. The letter and marked money were found on Legree's person. He claimed he was only detaining the letter because the postage on it was insufficient.

An Arrest in Chattanooga.

CHATTANOOGA, TENN., Jan. 29.—Postoffice inspectors to day, in this city, arrested Jasper Williams, who pretends to be or actually is deaf and dumb, and who claims Memphis, New York, Porto Rico and other places as his home, on the charge of complicity in the robbery of the postoffice at Charlottestown, N. C, on January 20th. Evidence was secured against Williams as he was about to receive letters from the place of robbery bearing upon the case. Williams denies the charge. He is not known here.

THE DUTCH NOTE.

Holland Asked Permission of Great Britain to Send a Commission to South Africa to Enlighten the Boers.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—The Hague correspondent of the *Daily Mail* says he is able to announce on authority that the Dutch note to Great Britain, after rehearsing the earnest concern of that government at the prolongation of hostilities in South Africa, offered its good offices in bringing them to a close. To this end Holland asked whether Great Britain would be willing to permit a Dutch commission to proceed to South Africa, to enlighten the Boer leaders in the field as to the real position of affairs.

It is understood that Great Britain is awaiting the receipt of Lord Kitchener's views on this suggestion and is willing to grant the requested safe conduct to the Dutch commission if Lord Kitchener offers no objections, though it is not hopeful of any practical result from the effort.

CHINESE EXCLUSION.

Argument in Behalf of the Bill by Mr. Livernash Concluded Yesterday.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—E. J. Livernash, of San Francisco, to-day concluded his argument before the Senate Committee on Immigration, begun last Monday, in behalf of the Chinese exclusion bills. He had not, he said, discovered, after diligent search, any intimation that the trade between the United States and China had decreased on account of the attitude of this government on the exclusion. In reponse to a question Mr. Penrose said that the arguments advanced by the Southern cotton producers, that their trade with China would be severely crippled were not well founded because it had been proven that sentiment was not a controlling factor in trade.

PEACE NEGOTIATIONS.

The Dutch Government's Offer Confirmed by the Premier, Dr. Kuyper.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

THE HAGUE, Jan. 29.—In the first chamber of the State General, today, the premier, Dr. Kuyper, replying to a question on the subject confirmed the accuracy of A. J. Balfour's statement in the British House of Commons yesterday, regarding the Dutch government's offer to help in bringing about peace in South Africa; but the premier added that he was prevented by courtesy from disclosing any details concerning the note so long as the British government had not published its contents or until a reply to it was received.

The Boer delegates at The Hague disclaim any knowledge of the contents of the Dutch note to Great Britain.

WARM WIRELETS

The Sofia correspondent of the London *Times*, wiring under date of January 29th, says: "It is reported that Miss Stone and Madame Tsilka were liberated this morning on Turkish territory."

Lane B. Schofield, senior member of the firm of Schofield & Whirsco, bankers and brokers of Boston, Mass., committed suicide yesterday by shooting himself at his home in Newtonville. No cause is given.

Ex-President Cleveland arrived yesterday at Princeton, N. J., from his seven days' hunting trip to Georgetown, S. C. He was apparently in good health and seemed considerably benefited by the outing.

The new freight steamer El Alba, of the Morgan line of the Southern Pacific Company, arrived in New York from Newport News where she was built, and will at once go on the route between New York and New Orleans.

An adjourned meeting of the trustees of the Carnegie institution was held at the State Department, Washington, yesterday, and a long step was taken towards permanent organization and the initiation of the work of the institution.

Barney Furrey, of Cincinnati, knocked out Kid Baxter, of Chicago, in the second round of a bout before the Young Men's Gymnastic Club in New Orleans. The men weighed in at 138 pounds. Furrey has been matched against Jack Everhardt.

The annual banquet of the New York Board of Trade and Transportation was held last night. The function this year had a double object in view; first, to do honor to the memory of William McKinley and secondly, to encourage the closest union of capital and labor.

Quality is what makes price. If Burnett's Vanilla Extract was no better than other extracts its price would be the same. Once tried always used.

AN EXPLOSION EXPECTED.

Dynamite Part of the Cargo of the Steamer Daggery Ashore Near Gull Shoals

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NORFOLK, VA., Jan. 29.—Fifteen hundred cases or 75,000 pounds of dynamite is a part of the cargo in the hold of the Norwegian steamship Daggery that is ashore near Gull Shoals life-saving station, on the North Carolina coast. Heavy railroad iron composes the balance of the cargo. An easterly gale has lashed the sea into a fury, and the storm has blown down the coast wires south of Cape Henry. At last reports the ship was listing heavily to starboard and was being beaten unmercifully by the waves. If the railroad iron and dynamite get together an explosion of terrible force is looked for.

The Best Prescription for Malaria

Chills and Fevers is a bottle of Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure, no pay. Price, 50c. sa tu th

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpariel Type, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

For Rent—Nice Cottage centrally located; six rooms with modern improvements. W. J. Gore. th su jan 28 tf

For Sale—Desirable property on Fourth street near Red Cross, on Walnut near Front, Eighth near Orange, Seventh near Princess, Front near Orange, Market near Second and a number of others. For particulars see W. M. Cumming, Real Estate and Notary Public. ja 29 tf

For Rent—A large desirable Office on Front street, with electric lights, gas lavatory and other conveniences. W. M. Cumming, Real Estate and Notary Public ja 30 tf

Two Good Milch Cows (Jerseys) will be sold Saturday A. M. at McEachern's feed store, Market street, by E. H. Adkins, southport. ja 30 2t

Notice—We have just received the fine tear J maica Bananas ever seen on this market. Will make prices right. Send in your order now. One hundred dressed Turkeys, 16½c per pound. Call on us for country produce of all kinds. J. K. Westbrook & Co., wholesale and retail, 208 and 210 Market street, Bell 'phone 447. jan 18 tf

Consumers of Wood will always find the best quality of all kinds and all lengths of Wood (big Black Jack a specialty) at lowest prices at my wood yard, No. 18 South Water street, between Market and Dock. A trial will convince you. W. W. Koon, Bell 'Phone 719. ja 14 1m

The Dixie Cafe—Most popular place in town for quick lunches, meals and everything to refresh the inner man. Tables always supplied with oysters and game. Orders sent anywhere in the city. S. F. Harmon, proprietor, Princess street. dec 6 tf

Notice—I have just received car of Jamaica Bananas. Also two Mountain Apples, Cabbage, Butter, Potatoes, Onions and all kinds of country produce. A. S. Winstead, 118 North Second street. oct 4 tf

Old Newspapers for sale by the hundred at the STAR Office. Excellent for underlaying carpets, or for wrapping paper. oct 1 tf

The Best Seed Pays Largest Profits.

VAUGHN'S IMPROVED EARLY OHIO.

WHITE, BLISS, EARLY ROSE,

Seed Potatoes,

White and Rust Proof Oats. Get in your orders.

Dried and Evaporated Apples and a full line of Groceries and Provisions.

HALL & PEARSALL,

(INCORPORATED.)

jan 28 tf Wholesale Grocers.

At The Unlucky Corner

NORTH CAROLINA HAMS.

Springfield Hams,
Jones' Hams,
Premium Hams,
Gold Band Hams,
Diamond Hams,
Picnic Hams, Sliced Hams,
Deviled Hams, Potted Ham and Abraham.

S. W. SANDERS.

jan 22 tf

OLD NEWSPAPERS.

You Can Buy Old Newspapers in Quantities to Suit, at the STAR OFFICE Suitable for Wrapping Paper and Excellent for Placing Under Carpet

NEWS AND OPINIONS of National Importance

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Daily and Sunday, by mail, $8 a year

THE SUNDAY SUN

IS THE GREATEST SUNDAY NEWSPAPER IN THE WORLD.

Price 5c a copy. By mail, $2 a year

Address THE SUN, New York.

jan 21 tf

Executor's Notice.

Having qualified as Executor of the estate of the late Mrs. Rebecca C. Shiver, I hereby notify all persons having claims against her estate to present the same on or before January 2, 1902, otherwise they will be barred. All persons indebted to the estate are requested to make prompt settlement.

January 2, 1900.

JOEL F. STOLTEN, Executor.

ja 2 4t fr

We Are Moving in Line With THE PROCESSION.

Our New Spring Goods Arriving Daily.

A Full Line of New and Fresh Spring Mattings.

Embroideries in Cambrics, Nainsooks

and Swiss, with Allovers and Beadings to match.

Our line of White Goods is full and complete, consisting of Cambrics, Long Cloth, English Nainsook, Irish Linen, Victoria Lawn, Persian Lawn, French Nainsook and Linen Cambrics.

I am sole Agent for The Butterick Paper Patterns.

American Lady Corsets. Her Majesty's Corsets,

A. D. Brown,

Dry Goods and Carpets.

No. 29 North Front Street, Wilmington, N. C.

jan 12 tf

IF NOT! WHY NOT!!

TRADE AT WILMINGTON'S BIG RACKET STORE.

We have the largest and finest Store in the State and do the largest retail cash business done in the city.

We buy our goods from the manufacturer—we pay cash for them and save all the discounts and we claim to sell goods cheaper than any man in North Carolina. We want your trade. We have thousands of customers, but we can take care of more than we have. We will quote you a few prices and prove to you that we do sell goods at the right price.

We have 800 yards of heavy 8c outing in pretty bright colors that we will sell for 5½c this week. Will sell you good standard first quality Sea Island Sheeting for 5c per yard, Pee Dee Plaid for 4½c a yard. Heavy yard wide Drilling at 6c a yard. Yard wide unbleached sheeting at 3½c a yard.

In our Dress Goods Department, we have an immense line of heavy goods that we want to sell. A few pieces yard wide satteen we will sell for 5c a yard; 36 inch wide worsted goods that sold for 25c we will sell for 11½c; 54 inch wide heavy wool skirting, to close out at 38c—closest price has been 50c. Battany wool worsted that is worth 50c we will sell for 32c per yard. Tricots in light color for waists we will sell for 25c.

A full line of Albatross in colors at 25c a yard. A beautiful line of new Broadcloths, 54 inches wide—high grade goods in all colors—just received this week, worth $1.25 for 98c. Fifty pieces new Percales for Spring, best quality, 12½c—all pretty patterns. Beautiful Wool Serge, 36 inches wide, for 50c per yard. We have just added to our large stock a full jewelry department—Clocks, Watches, Brooches, Pins, Rings, Combs and everything that is worn by the ladies; 53 solid Gold Rings, worth $4 and $5, we will sell for $1.50 and $2. to close; Gold Scarf Pins, 50c and 75c each. Also have added a nice candy department and a nice show case to show it in; have all grades—cream chocolates at 15c a pound; sugar coated almonds, 15c a pound; mixed candy, 8c a pound; the best quality of candy at 25c a pound. In our neckwear department we have just gotten in a nice new line of Ties at 25c; men's Silk Bows 10c each. Gentlemen's fine Laundered Shirts at 48c each. A big line of men and boys' Winter Underwear to close out. In odds and ends that sold for 50c and 60c will sell for 38c; good Wool Drawers for 38c.

A very fine quality of gentlemen's linen Collars, worth 15c each, we are selling this week for 8c. Twenty remnants of carpets to close out, goods that sold for 50c will sell for 38c. A big line of Matting in remnants at 10c, also plenty of good Mattings at 15c, 18c and 25c. In our Trunk department on third floor, we have an extra large stock that we would like to reduce before the Spring opens. We have them in all styles and prices from 50c to $18.00 each—300 Trunks to select from. Grips, Satchels and Suit Cases, any style and any price. We sell the standard Rochester nickel plated center draft Lamp with globe, complete for $1.48, worth $1.75. Men's Overalls—In this department we want the trade of the engineers, machinists, firemen and everybody. We have all grades, all colors, all patterns and all prices. We sell all high grade, union made Overalls. For the ladies, we have just received a nice line of ready-made Skirts and Silk Waists. A beautiful line of Silk Waists at $2 00; a nice line of black Satin Waists at $3 00. A fine line of Silk Skirts at $5 00; better and finer at $7.50. Nice Walking Skirts at $1.25. Flannel Skirts at $1.75 and $1.98. Beautiful Crepon Skirts at $5 00. We punch cards with all cash purchases and give away presents free at the

Big Racket Store,

GEO. O. GAYLORD,

jan 26 tf PROPRIETOR.

Bell 'Phone 42. Inter-State 42.

HELLO!

Isn't she a "Daisy!" Just look at her. Ring her up and you will be served with the best

COAL AND WOOD!

IN ALL WILMINGTON.

The combined stocks of our competitors are not a circumstance as compared with what we carry.

We are veterans of many, many frosty Winters. Send us your orders and be well cared for.

J. A. Springer & Co.

nov 20 tf The Veteran Dealers.

Esquimaux

Don't have much use for stoves. A fire in the middle of a snow hut, with an infinitesimal hole for a chimney, is good enough for them. But such an arrangement wouldn't be considered "just the thing" in this latitude. Here people need stoves and we keep them for sale—Parlor Stoves, Kitchen Stoves, Small Bedroom Stoves, and many odd sorts. The prices are adapted to persons with non-millionairish purses, too.

We have, too, a complete stock of Hardware, Agricultural Implements, Ammunition, &c.

J. W. Murchison & Co.,

ORTON BUILDING.

dec 5 tf

We Take This Method

Of thanking the generous public for their past valued favors in dispensing patronage at

Our Department Stores.

Many lines of Goods have been closed out; many others partly so; yet, there remains

Various and Valuable Bargains

For the economical householder to ponder over. We are now pushing everything preparatory to giving the general public the

Best Possible Footwear Service

To be had at the lowest possible cost. Try us at the

Same Old Place.

Mercer & Evans Co.

ja 5 tf